

N-Channel 2.5-V (G-S) MOSFET

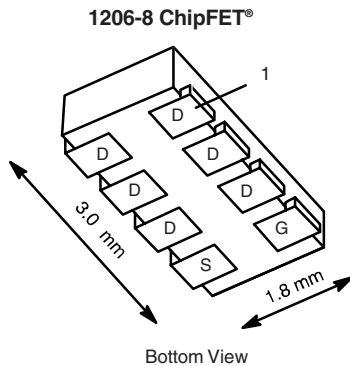
PRODUCT SUMMARY			
V _{DS} (V)	R _{DS(on)} (Ω)	I _D (A)	Q _g (Typ.)
20	0.028 at V _{GS} = 4.5 V	7.5	6.3
	0.039 at V _{GS} = 2.5 V	6.3	

FEATURES

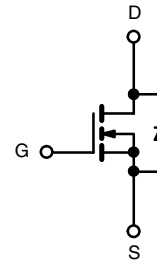
- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Available
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET



RoHS
COMPLIANT
HALOGEN
FREE
Available



Marking Code



N-Channel MOSFET

Ordering Information: Si5404BDC-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)
Si5404BDC-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS T _A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted					
Parameter	Symbol	5 s	Steady State	Unit	
Drain-Source Voltage	V _{DS}	20		V	
Gate-Source Voltage	V _{GS}	± 12			
Continuous Drain Current (T _J = 150 °C) ^a	I _D	T _A = 25 °C	7.5	5.4	A
		T _A = 85 °C	5.4	3.9	
Pulsed Drain Current	I _{DM}	20		A	
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction) ^a	I _S	2.1	1.1		
Maximum Power Dissipation ^a	P _D	T _A = 25 °C	2.5	1.3	W
		T _A = 85 °C	1.3	0.7	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	- 55 to 150		°C	
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature) ^{b, c}		260			

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^a	t ≤ 5 s	R _{thJA}	45	50	°C/W
	Steady State		80	95	
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R _{thJF}	18	22	

Notes:

- Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- See Reliability Manual for profile. The ChipFET is a leadless package. The end of the lead terminal is exposed copper (not plated) as a result of the singulation process in manufacturing. A solder fillet at the exposed copper tip cannot be guaranteed and is not required to ensure adequate bottom side solder interconnection.
- Rework Conditions: manual soldering with a soldering iron is not recommended for leadless components.

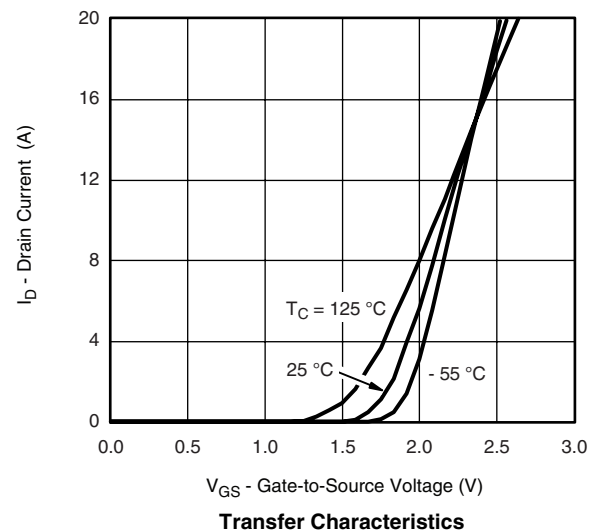
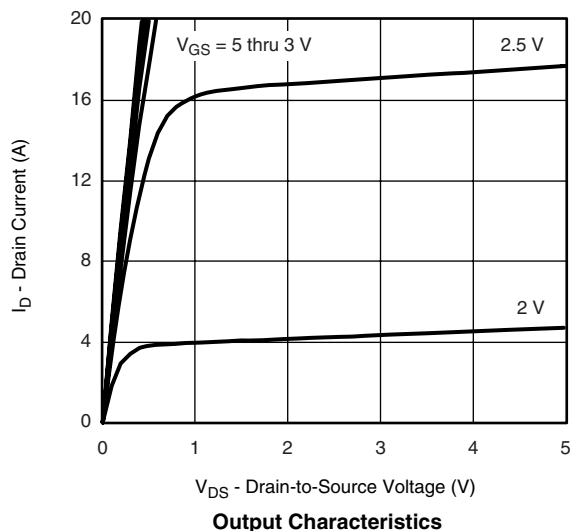
SPECIFICATIONS $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted						
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Static						
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	0.6		1.5	V
Gate-Body Leakage	I_{GSS}	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 12\text{ V}$			± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			1	μA
		$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$			5	
On-State Drain Current ^a	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \geq 5\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}$	20			A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance ^a	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 5.4\text{ A}$		0.022	0.028	Ω
		$V_{GS} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_D = 2.6\text{ A}$		0.031	0.039	
Forward Transconductance ^a	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 5.4\text{ A}$		26		S
Diode Forward Voltage ^a	V_{SD}	$I_S = 1.1\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		0.7		V
Dynamic^b						
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 5.4\text{ A}$		7	11	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}			1.7		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			2		
Gate Resistance	R_g			1.7		Ω
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}, R_L = 10\text{ }\Omega$ $I_D \cong 1\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 4.5\text{ V}, R_G = 6\text{ }\Omega$		12	20	ns
Rise Time	t_r			12	20	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			25	40	
Fall Time	t_f			10	20	
Source-Drain Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_F = 1.1\text{ A}, di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		20	40	

Notes:

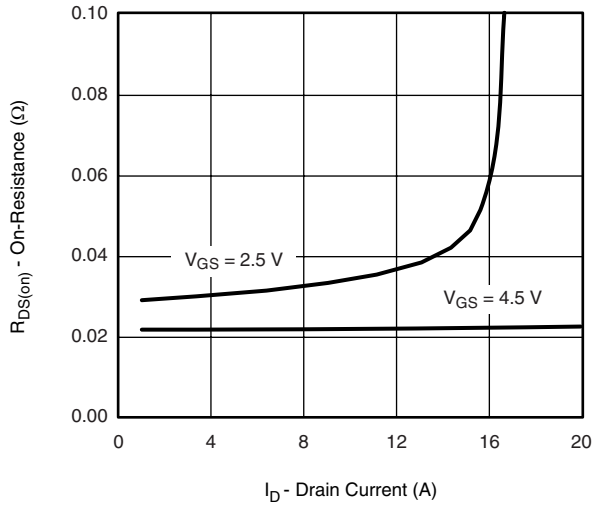
- a. Pulse test; pulse width $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

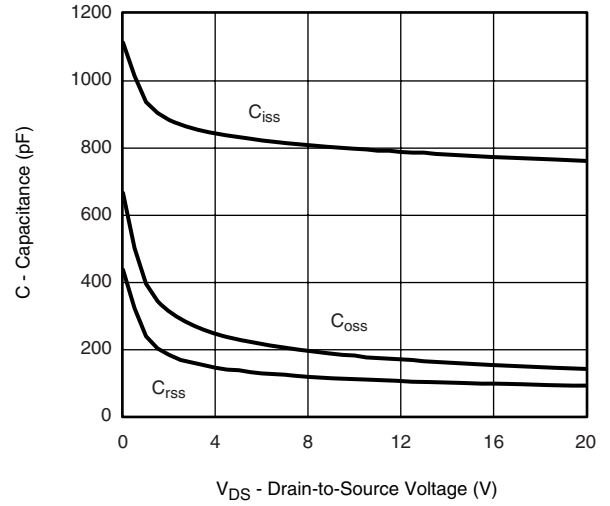
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted



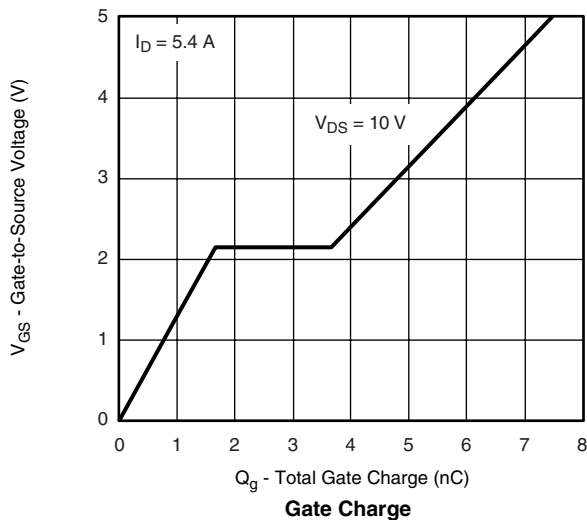
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



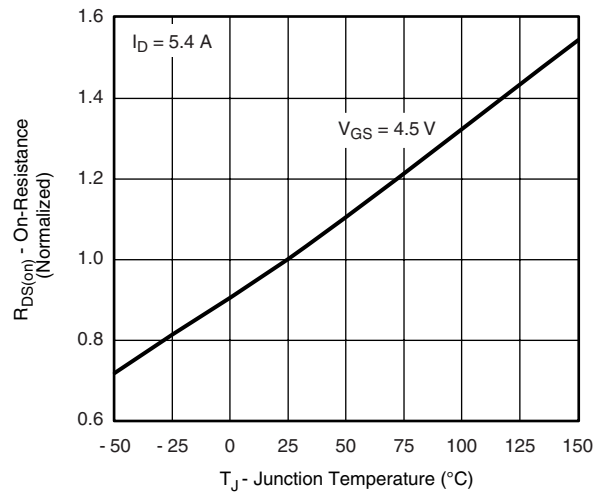
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current



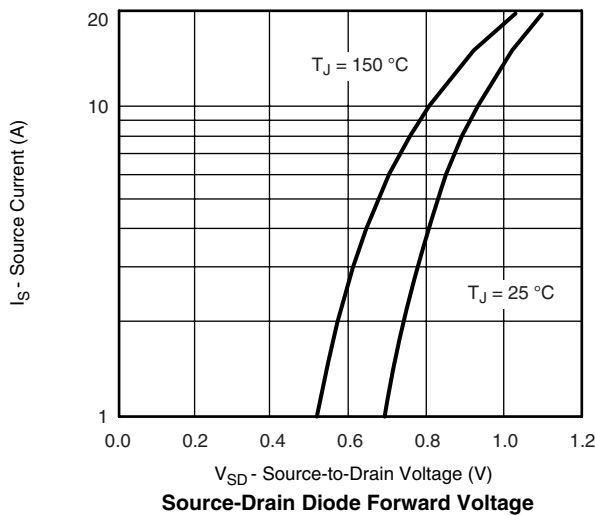
Capacitance



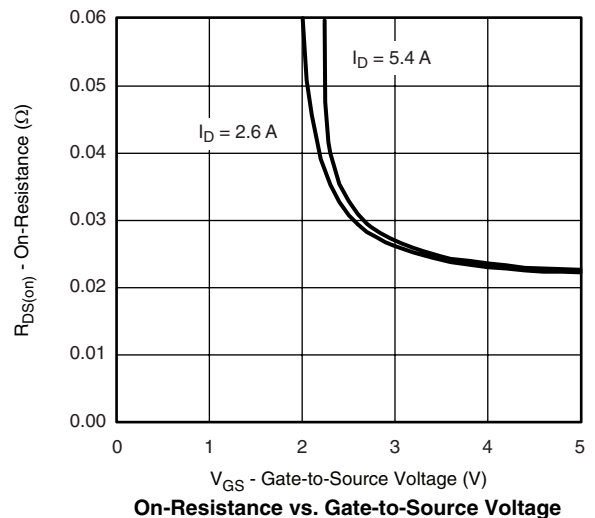
Gate Charge



On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

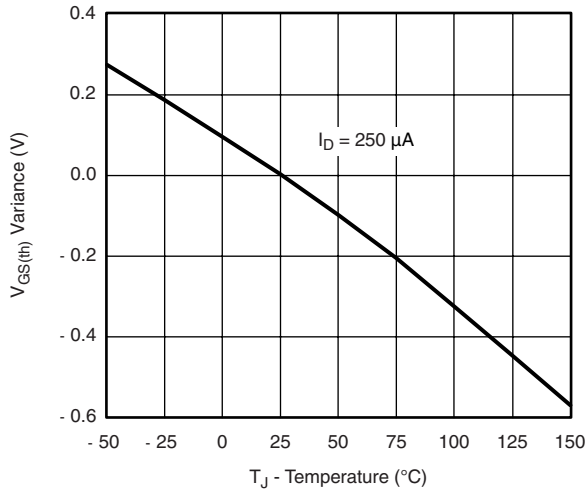


Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

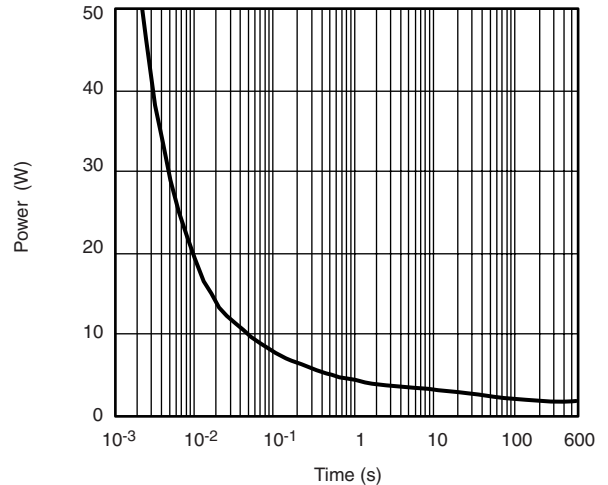


On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

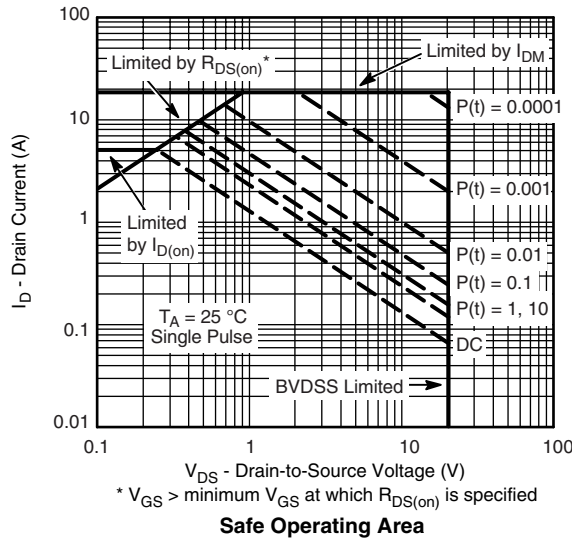
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



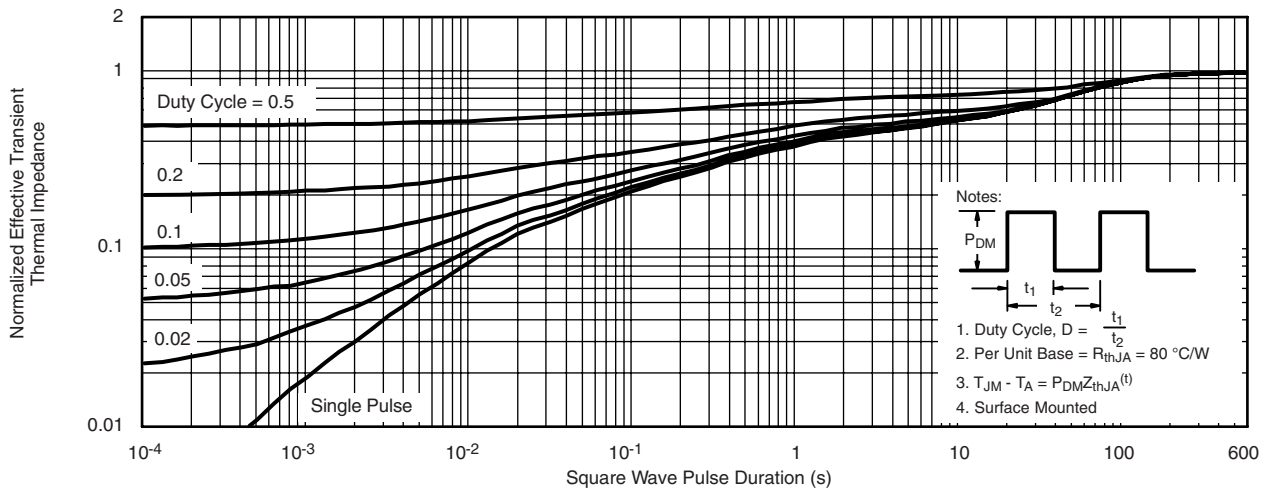
Threshold Voltage



Single Pulse Power

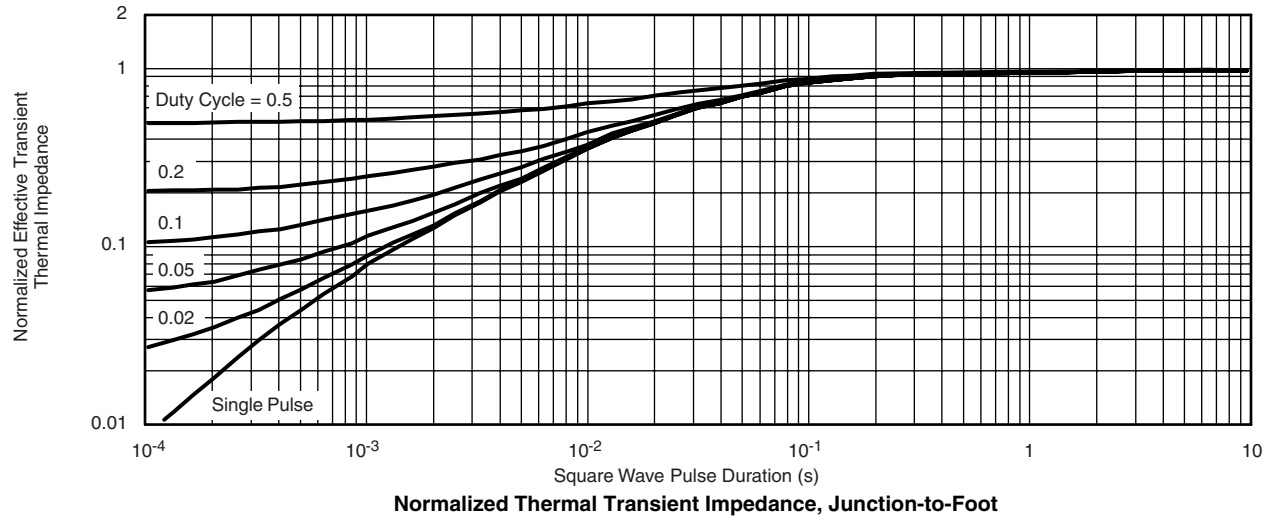


Safe Operating Area



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?73102.

1206-8 ChipFET®



NOTES:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Mold gate burrs shall not exceed 0.13 mm per side.
3. Leadframe to molded body offset is horizontal and vertical shall not exceed 0.08 mm.

4. Dimensions exclusive of mold gate burrs.

5. No mold flash allowed on the top and bottom lead surface.

Dim	MILLIMETERS			INCHES		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	1.00	—	1.10	0.039	—	0.043
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.010	0.012	0.014
c	0.1	0.15	0.20	0.004	0.006	0.008
c1	0	—	0.038	0	—	0.0015
D	2.95	3.05	3.10	0.116	0.120	0.122
E	1.825	1.90	1.975	0.072	0.075	0.078
E₁	1.55	1.65	1.70	0.061	0.065	0.067
e	0.65 BSC			0.0256 BSC		
L	0.28	—	0.42	0.011	—	0.017
S	0.55 BSC			0.022 BSC		
α	5°Nom			5°Nom		
ECN: C-03528—Rev. F, 19-Jan-04 DWG: 5547						

Single-Channel 1206-8 ChipFET® Power MOSFET Recommended Pad Pattern and Thermal Performance

INTRODUCTION

New Vishay Siliconix ChipFETs in the leadless 1206-8 package feature the same outline as popular 1206-8 resistors and capacitors but provide all the performance of true power semiconductor devices. The 1206-8 ChipFET has the same footprint as the body of the LITTLE FOOT® TSOP-6, and can be thought of as a leadless TSOP-6 for purposes of visualizing board area, but its thermal performance bears comparison with the much larger SO-8.

This technical note discusses the single-channel ChipFET 1206-8 pin-out, package outline, pad patterns, evaluation board layout, and thermal performance.

PIN-OUT

Figure 1 shows the pin-out description and Pin 1 identification for the single-channel 1206-8 ChipFET device. The pin-out is similar to the TSOP-6 configuration, with two additional drain pins to enhance power dissipation and thermal performance. The legs of the device are very short, again helping to reduce the thermal path to the external heatsink/pcb and allowing a larger die to be fitted in the device if necessary.

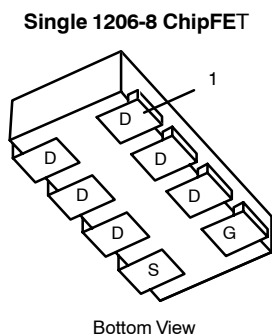


FIGURE 1.

For package dimensions see the 1206-8 ChipFET package outline drawing (<http://www.vishay.com/doc?71151>).

BASIC PAD PATTERNS

The basic pad layout with dimensions is shown in Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (<http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286>). This is sufficient for low power dissipation MOSFET applications, but power semiconductor performance requires a greater copper pad area, particularly for the drain leads.

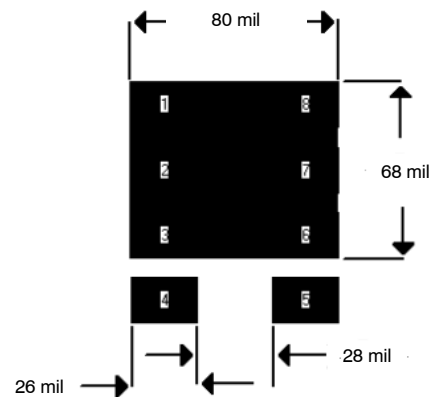


FIGURE 2. Footprint With Copper Spreading

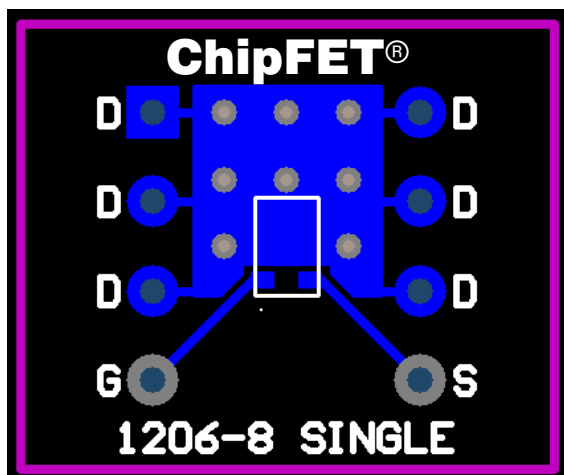
The pad pattern with copper spreading shown in Figure 2 improves the thermal area of the drain connections (pins 1,2,3,6,7,8) while remaining within the confines of the basic footprint. The drain copper area is 0.0054 sq. in. or 3.51 sq. mm). This will assist the power dissipation path away from the device (through the copper leadframe) and into the board and exterior chassis (if applicable) for the single device. The addition of a further copper area and/or the addition of vias to other board layers will enhance the performance still further. An example of this method is implemented on the Vishay Siliconix Evaluation Board described in the next section (Figure 3).

THE VISHAY SILICONIX EVALUATION BOARD FOR THE SINGLE 1206-8

The ChipFET 1206-8 evaluation board measures 0.6 in by 0.5 in. Its copper pad pattern consists of an increased pad area around the six drain leads on the top-side—approximately 0.0482 sq. in. 31.1 sq. mm—and vias added through to the underside of the board, again with a maximized copper pad area of approximately the board-size dimensions. The outer package outline is for the 8-pin DIP, which will allow test sockets to be used to assist in testing.

The thermal performance of the 1206-8 on this board has been measured with the results following on the next page. The testing included comparison with the minimum recommended footprint on the evaluation board-size pcb and the industry standard one-inch square FR4 pcb with copper on both sides of the board.

Front of Board



Back of Board



FIGURE 3.

THERMAL PERFORMANCE

Junction-to-Foot Thermal Resistance (the Package Performance)

Thermal performance for the 1206-8 ChipFET measured as junction-to-foot thermal resistance is 15°C/W typical, 20°C/W maximum for the single device. The “foot” is the drain lead of the device as it connects with the body. This is identical to the SO-8 package $R_{\theta jf}$ performance, a feat made possible by shortening the leads to the point where they become only a small part of the total footprint area.

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (dependent on pcb size)

The typical $R_{\theta ja}$ for the single-channel 1206-8 ChipFET is 80°C/W steady state, compared with 68°C/W for the SO-8. Maximum ratings are 95°C/W for the 1206-8 versus 80°C/W for the SO-8.

Testing

To aid comparison further, Figure 4 illustrates ChipFET 1206-8 thermal performance on two different board sizes and three different pad patterns. The results display the thermal performance out to steady state and produce a graphic account of how an increased copper pad area for the drain connections can enhance thermal performance. The measured steady state values of $R_{\theta ja}$ for the single 1206-8 ChipFET are :

1) Minimum recommended pad pattern (see Figure 2) on the evaluation board size of 0.5 in x 0.6 in.	156°C/W
2) The evaluation board with the pad pattern described on Figure 3.	111°C/W
3) Industry standard 1" square pcb with maximum copper both sides.	78°C/W

The results show that a major reduction can be made in the thermal resistance by increasing the copper drain area. In this example, a 45°C/W reduction was achieved without having to increase the size of the board. If increasing board size is an option, a further 33°C/W reduction was obtained by maximizing the copper from the drain on the larger 1" square pcb.



FIGURE 4. Single 1206-8 ChipFET

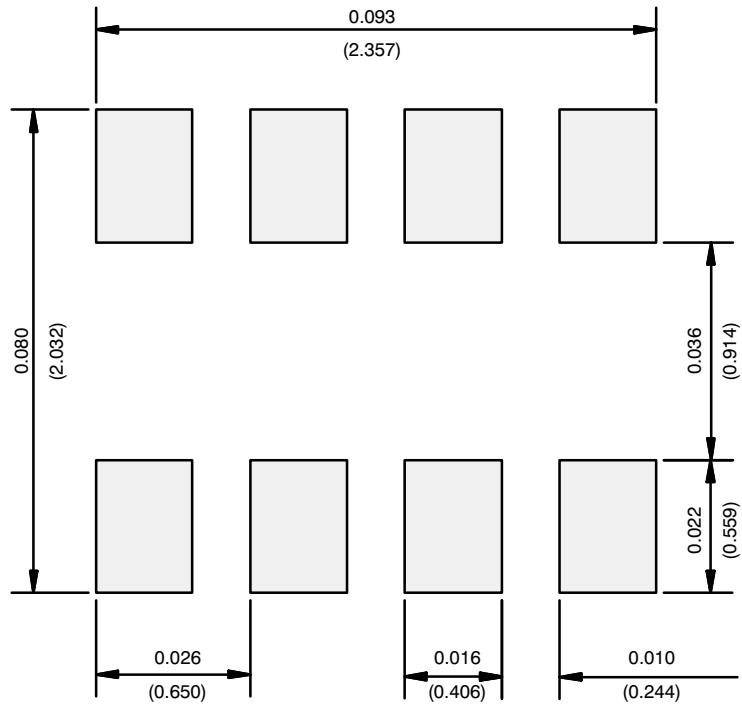
SUMMARY

The thermal results for the single-channel 1206-8 ChipFET package display similar power dissipation performance to the SO-8 with a footprint reduction of 80%. Careful design of the package has allowed for this performance to be achieved. The short leads allow the die size to be maximized and thermal resistance to be reduced within the confines of the TSOP-6 body size.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENT

1206-8 ChipFET Dual Thermal performance, AN812 (<http://www.vishay.com/doc?71127>).

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR 1206-8 ChipFET®



Recommended Minimum Pads
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

[Return to Index](#)



Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and / or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.