

Notice for TAIYO YUDEN products

Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

REMINDERS

- Product information in this catalog is as of October 2012. All of the contents specified herein are subject to change without notice due to technical improvements, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or usage of the Products.

Please note that Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd. shall not be responsible for any defects in products or equipment incorporating such products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual specification.

- Please contact Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd. for further details of product specifications as the individual specification is available.
- Please conduct validation and verification of products in actual condition of mounting and operating environment before commercial shipment of the equipment.

- All electronic components or functional modules listed in this catalog are developed, designed and intended for use in general electronics equipment.(for AV, office automation, household, office supply, information service, telecommunications, (such as mobile phone or PC) etc.). Before incorporating the components or devices into any equipment in the field such as transportation,(automotive control, train control, ship control), transportation signal, disaster prevention, medical, public information network (telephone exchange, base station) etc. which may have direct influence to harm or injure a human body, please contact Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd. for more detail in advance. Do not incorporate the products into any equipment in fields such as aerospace, aviation, nuclear control, submarine system, military, etc. where higher safety and reliability are especially required.

In addition, even electronic components or functional modules that are used for the general electronic equipment, if the equipment or the electric circuit require high safety or reliability function or performances, a sufficient reliability evaluation check for safety shall be performed before commercial shipment and moreover, due consideration to install a protective circuit is strongly recommended at customer's design stage.

- The contents of this catalog are applicable to the products which are purchased from our sales offices or distributors (so called "TAIYO YUDEN' s official sales channel"). It is only applicable to the products purchased from any of TAIYO YUDEN' s official sales channel.

- Please note that Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd. shall have no responsibility for any controversies or disputes that may occur in connection with a third party's intellectual property rights and other related rights arising from your usage of products in this catalog. Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd. grants no license for such rights.

- Caution for export

Certain items in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", and other applicable regulations. Should you have any question or inquiry on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

MULTILAYER CHIP BEAD INDUCTORS(BK SERIES)



WAVE* REFLOW

*Except for BK0402, BK0603, BK1005, BKH1005

PARTS NUMBER

B	K	△	1	6	0	8	H	S	1	2	1	-	T	△
①			②				③		④			⑤	⑥	⑦

△ = Blank space

① Series name

Code	Series name
BK△	Multilayer chip bead inductor
BKH	

② Dimensions (L × W)

Code	Type (inch)	Dimensions (L × W) [mm]
0402	0402 (01005)	0.4 × 0.2
0603	0603 (0201)	0.6 × 0.3
1005	1005 (0402)	1.0 × 0.5
1608	1608 (0603)	1.6 × 0.8
2125	2125 (0805)	2.0 × 1.25

③ Material

Code	Material
HW	Refer to impedance curves for material differences
HS	
HR	
HM	
LM	
LL	
TS	
TM	

④ Nominal impedance

Code (example)	Nominal impedance [Ω]
150	15
101	100
102	1000

⑤ Characteristics

Code	Characteristics
-	Standard

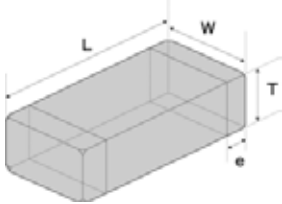
⑥ Packaging

Code	Packaging
T	Taping

⑦ Internal code

Code	Internal code
△	Standard

STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / STANDARD QUANTITY



Type	L	W	T	e	Standard quantity [pcs]	
					Paper tape	Embossed tape
BK 0402 (01005)	0.40 ± 0.02 (0.016 ± 0.001)	0.20 ± 0.02 (0.008 ± 0.001)	0.20 ± 0.02 (0.008 ± 0.001)	0.10 + 0.04 / - 0.03 (0.004 + 0.002 / - 0.001)	20000	-
BK 0603 (0201)	0.60 ± 0.03 (0.2 ± 0.001)	0.30 ± 0.03 (0.012 ± 0.001)	0.30 ± 0.03 (0.012 ± 0.001)	0.15 ± 0.05 (0.006 ± 0.002)	15000	-
BK 1005 BKH1005 (0402)	1.00 ± 0.05 (0.039 ± 0.002)	0.50 ± 0.05 (0.020 ± 0.002)	0.50 ± 0.05 (0.020 ± 0.002)	0.25 ± 0.10 (0.010 ± 0.004)	10000	-
BK 1608 (0603)	1.6 ± 0.15 (0.063 ± 0.006)	0.8 ± 0.15 (0.031 ± 0.006)	0.8 ± 0.15 (0.031 ± 0.006)	0.3 ± 0.2 (0.012 ± 0.008)	4000	-
BK 2125 (0805)	2.0 + 0.3 / - 0.1 (0.079 + 0.012 / - 0.004)	1.25 ± 0.2 (0.049 ± 0.008)	0.85 ± 0.2 (0.033 ± 0.008)	0.5 ± 0.3 (0.020 ± 0.012)	4000	-
	2.0 + 0.3 / - 0.1 (0.079 + 0.012 / - 0.004)	1.25 ± 0.2 (0.049 ± 0.008)	1.25 ± 0.2 (0.049 ± 0.008)	0.5 ± 0.3 (0.020 ± 0.012)	-	2000

Unit: mm (inch)

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■ PARTS NUMBER

● BK 0402

Parts number	EHS	Nominal impedance [Ω]	Impedance tolerance	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [mA] (max.)	Thickness [mm]
BK 0402HS100-T	RoHS	10	±5	100	0.10	540	0.20 ±0.02
BK 0402HS700-T	RoHS	70	±25%	100	0.37	280	0.20 ±0.02
BK 0402HS121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.53	240	0.20 ±0.02
BK 0402HM750-T	RoHS	75	±25%	100	0.45	260	0.20 ±0.02
BK 0402HM121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.60	220	0.20 ±0.02
BK 0402LL220-T	RoHS	22	±25%	100	0.70	150	0.20 ±0.02

● BK 0603

Parts number	EHS	Nominal impedance [Ω]	Impedance tolerance	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [mA] (max.)	Thickness [mm]
BK 0603HS220-T	RoHS	22	±25%	100	0.065	500	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HS330-T	RoHS	33	±25%	100	0.070	500	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HS800-T	RoHS	80	±25%	100	0.40	200	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HS121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.45	200	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HS241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.65	200	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HS601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	1.20	150	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HM600-T	RoHS	60	±25%	100	0.25	200	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HM121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.40	200	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HM241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.80	200	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HM471-T	RoHS	470	±25%	100	1.05	100	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603HM601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	1.20	100	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603LL100-T	RoHS	10	±25%	100	0.25	200	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603LL220-T	RoHS	22	±25%	100	0.45	200	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603LL330-T	RoHS	33	±25%	100	0.55	150	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603LL470-T	RoHS	47	±25%	100	0.70	150	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603LL560-T	RoHS	56	±25%	100	1.00	100	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603LL800-T	RoHS	80	±25%	100	1.30	100	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603LL121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	1.50	100	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603TS800-T	RoHS	80	±25%	100	0.18	500	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603TS121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.23	450	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603TS241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.32	400	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603TS601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.75	270	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603TM800-T	RoHS	80	±25%	100	0.18	450	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603TM121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.23	400	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603TM241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.38	300	0.30 ±0.03
BK 0603TM601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.85	250	0.30 ±0.03

● BK 1005

Parts number	EHS	Nominal impedance [Ω]	Impedance tolerance	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [mA] (max.)	Thickness [mm]
BK 1005HW680-T	RoHS	68	±25%	100	0.17	500	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HW121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.24	450	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HW241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.31	400	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HW431-T	RoHS	430	±25%	100	0.50	350	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HW601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.60	300	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HS100-T	RoHS	10	±5	100	0.03	1,000	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HS330-T	RoHS	33	±25%	100	0.06	700	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HS680-T	RoHS	68	±25%	100	0.10	700	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HS800-T	RoHS	80	±25%	100	0.10	700	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HS121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.20	500	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HS241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.30	400	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HS431-T	RoHS	430	±25%	100	0.45	350	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HS601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.55	300	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HS102-T	RoHS	1000	±25%	100	0.58	300	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HR601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.60	300	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HM750-T	RoHS	75	±25%	100	0.18	350	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HM121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.18	300	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HM241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.30	300	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HM471-T	RoHS	470	±25%	100	0.45	250	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HM601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.50	250	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005HM102-T	RoHS	1000	±25%	100	0.70	150	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005LL100-T	RoHS	10	±25%	100	0.11	500	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005LL220-T	RoHS	22	±25%	100	0.18	400	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005LL330-T	RoHS	33	±25%	100	0.25	400	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005LL470-T	RoHS	47	±25%	100	0.33	350	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005LL680-T	RoHS	68	±25%	100	0.31	400	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005LL121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.45	350	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005LL181-T	RoHS	180	±25%	100	0.50	300	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005LL241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.70	250	0.50 ±0.05
BK 1005LM182-T	RoHS	1800	±25%	100	0.90	120	0.50 ±0.05
BKH1005LM601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.85	300	0.50 ±0.05
BKH1005LM102-T	RoHS	1000	±25%	100	1.25	250	0.50 ±0.05
BKH1005LM152-T	RoHS	1500	±25%	100	1.50	200	0.50 ±0.05
BKH1005LM182-T	RoHS	1800	±25%	100	2.00	200	0.50 ±0.05

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■ PARTS NUMBER

● BK 1608

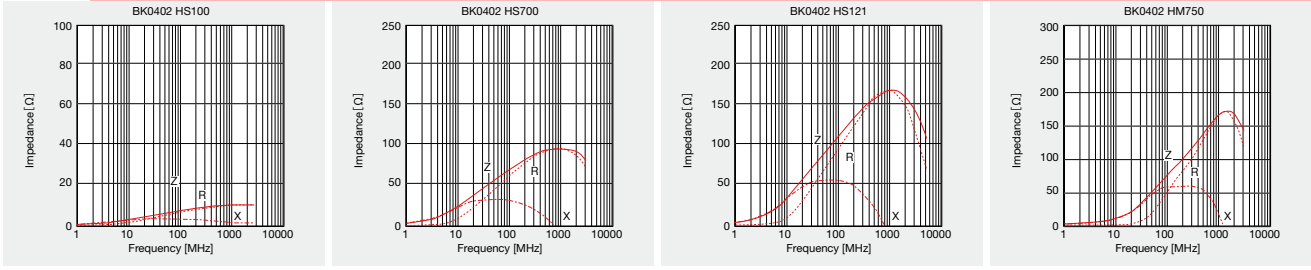
Parts number	EHS	Nominal impedance [Ω]	Impedance tolerance	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [mA] (max.)	Thickness [mm]
BK 1608HW121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.15	600	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HW241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.25	450	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HW431-T	RoHS	430	±25%	100	0.30	400	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HW601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.40	300	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HS220-T	RoHS	22	±25%	100	0.05	1,500	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HS330-T	RoHS	33	±25%	100	0.08	1,200	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HS470-T	RoHS	47	±25%	100	0.10	900	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HS600-T	RoHS	60	±25%	100	0.10	800	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HS800-T	RoHS	80	±25%	100	0.10	600	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HS121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.18	500	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HS241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.25	400	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HS601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.45	350	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HS102-T	RoHS	1000	±25%	100	0.60	300	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HM121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.20	350	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HM241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.35	300	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HM471-T	RoHS	470	±25%	100	0.45	250	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HM601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.60	250	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608HM102-T	RoHS	1000	±25%	100	0.70	200	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL300-T	RoHS	30	±25%	100	0.20	500	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL470-T	RoHS	47	±25%	100	0.30	400	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL560-T	RoHS	56	±25%	100	0.30	400	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL680-T	RoHS	68	±25%	100	0.35	300	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.50	300	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL181-T	RoHS	180	±25%	100	0.65	250	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.80	250	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL331-T	RoHS	330	±25%	100	0.85	200	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL431-T	RoHS	430	±25%	100	0.85	200	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL511-T	RoHS	510	±25%	100	0.90	200	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LL681-T	RoHS	680	±25%	100	1.00	150	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LM751-T	RoHS	750	±25%	100	0.60	300	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LM152-T	RoHS	1500	±25%	100	0.75	250	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LM182-T	RoHS	1800	±25%	100	0.85	200	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608LM252-T	RoHS	2500	±25%	100	1.10	200	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608TS431-T	RoHS	430	±25%	100	0.21±30%	400	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608TS601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.27±30%	350	0.80 ±0.15
BK 1608TS102-T	RoHS	1000	±25%	100	0.30±30%	300	0.80 ±0.15

● BK 2125

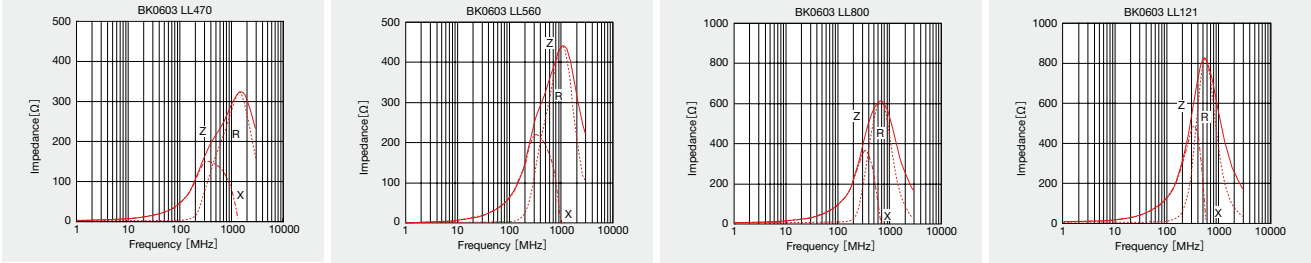
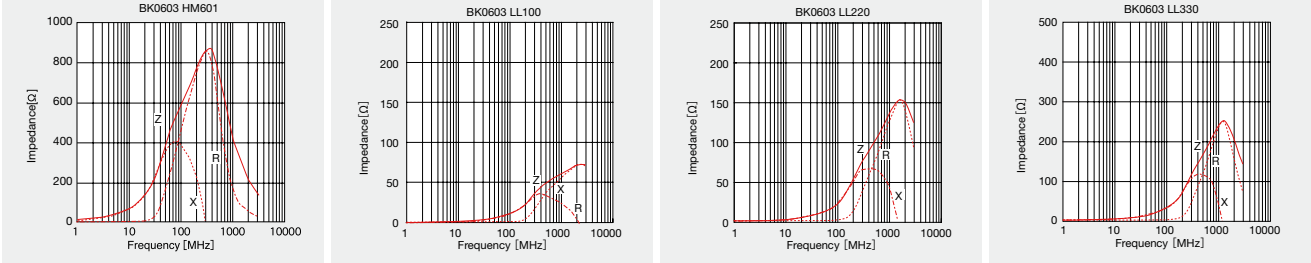
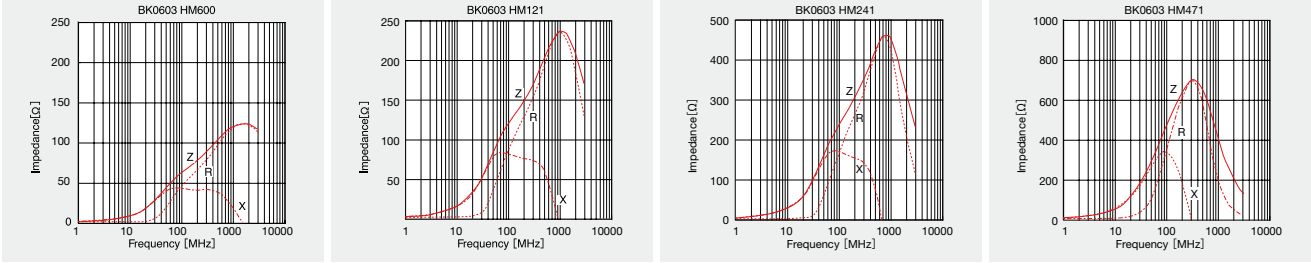
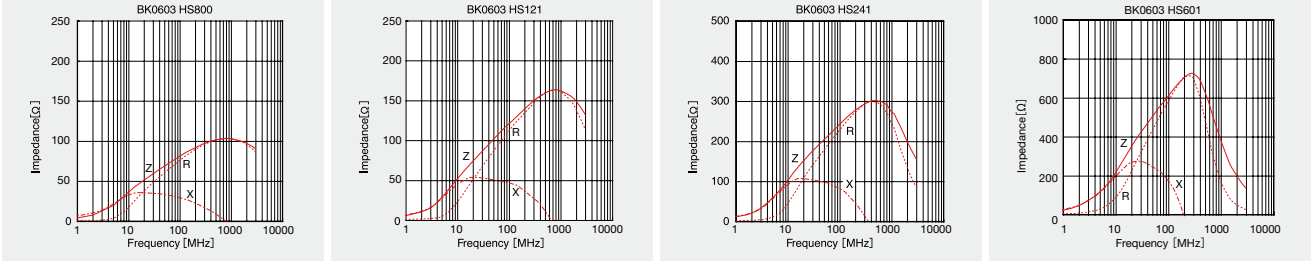
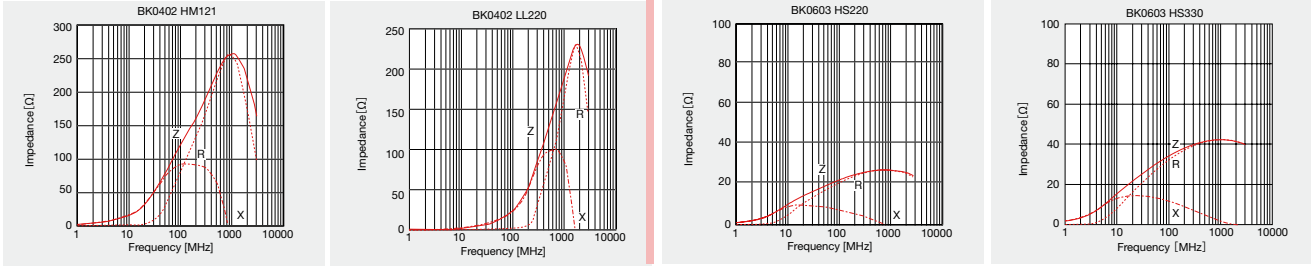
Parts number	EHS	Nominal impedance [Ω]	Impedance tolerance	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [mA] (max.)	Thickness [mm]
BK 2125HS150-T	RoHS	15	±25%	100	0.05	1,200	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS220-T	RoHS	22	±25%	100	0.05	1,200	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS330-T	RoHS	33	±25%	100	0.05	1,200	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS470-T	RoHS	47	±25%	100	0.05	1,000	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS750-T	RoHS	75	±25%	100	0.10	1,000	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS101-T	RoHS	100	±25%	100	0.10	900	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.15	800	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.20	600	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS431-T	RoHS	430	±25%	100	0.25	500	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.30	500	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HS102-T	RoHS	1000	±25%	100	0.40	300	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HM121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.15	800	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HM241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.20	600	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HM471-T	RoHS	470	±25%	100	0.25	500	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HM601-T	RoHS	600	±25%	100	0.25	500	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125HM102-T	RoHS	1000	±25%	100	0.35	400	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125LL560-T	RoHS	56	±25%	100	0.20	600	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125LL121-T	RoHS	120	±25%	100	0.30	400	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125LL241-T	RoHS	240	±25%	100	0.35	300	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125LM751-T	RoHS	750	±25%	100	0.30	400	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125LM152-T	RoHS	1500	±25%	100	0.35	400	0.85 ±0.2
BK 2125LM182-T	RoHS	1800	±25%	100	0.45	300	1.25 ±0.2
BK 2125LM252-T	RoHS	2500	±25%	100	0.75	200	1.25 ±0.2

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BK0402

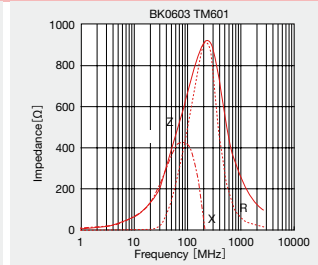
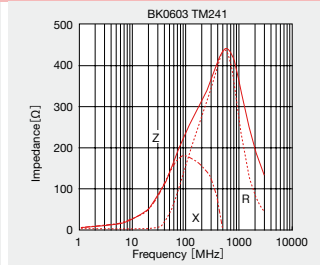
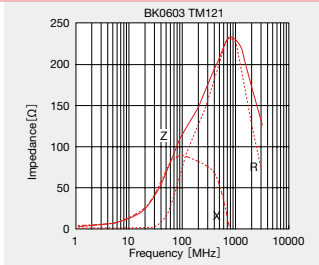
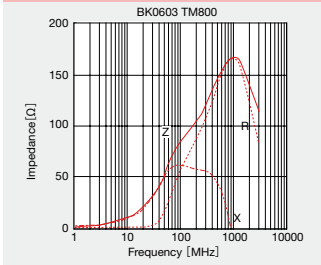
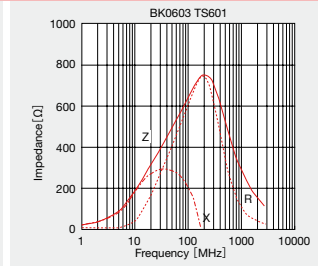
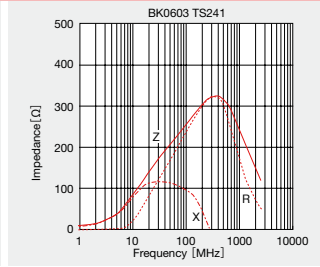
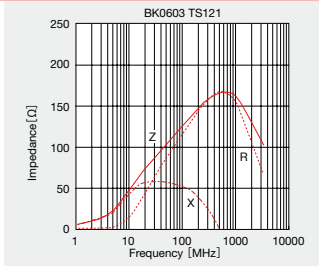
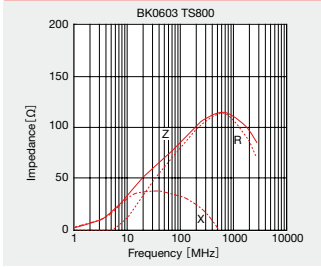


BK0603

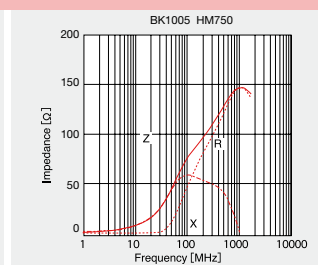
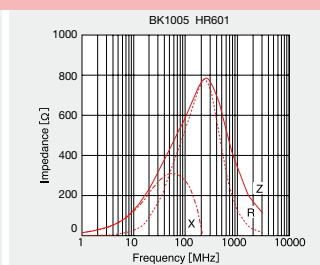
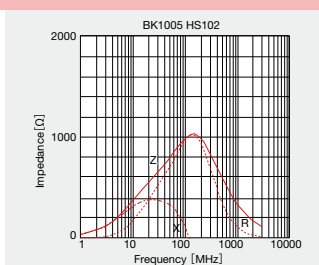
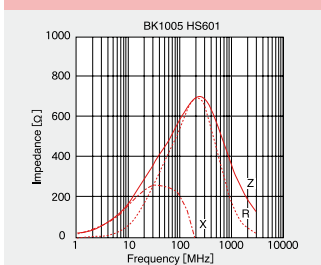
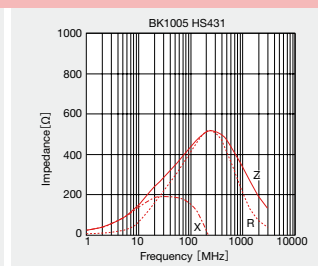
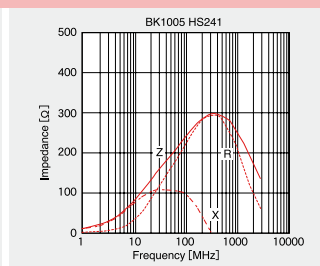
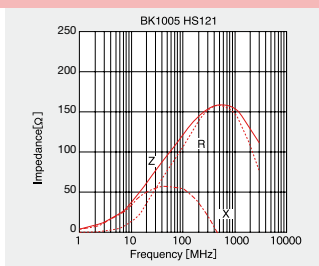
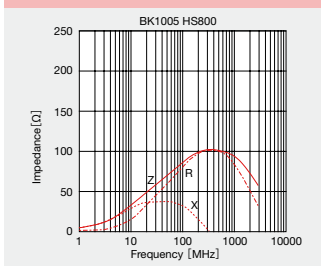
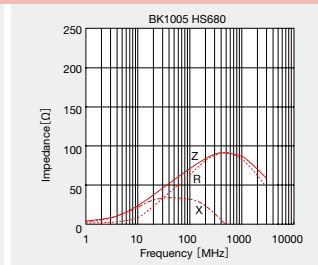
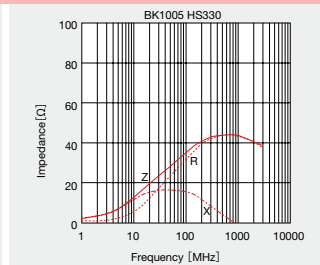
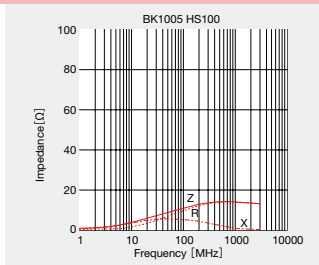
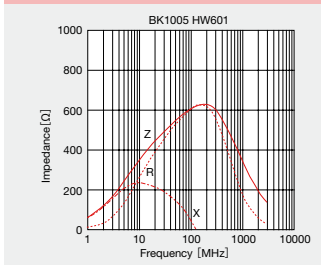
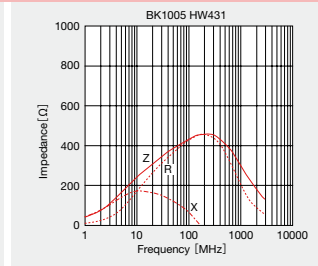
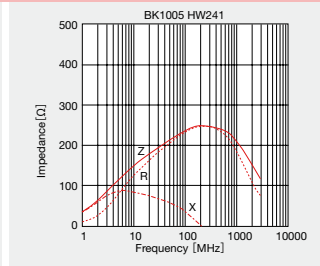
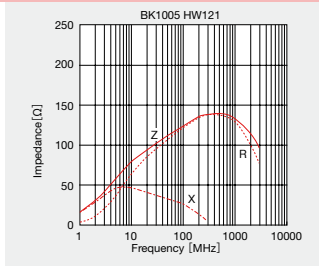
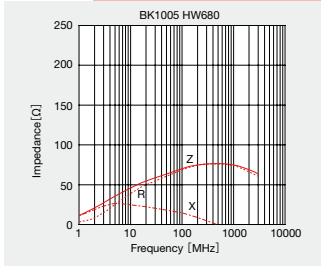


NOISE SUPPRESSION COMPONENTS / FERRITE BEAD INDUCTORS

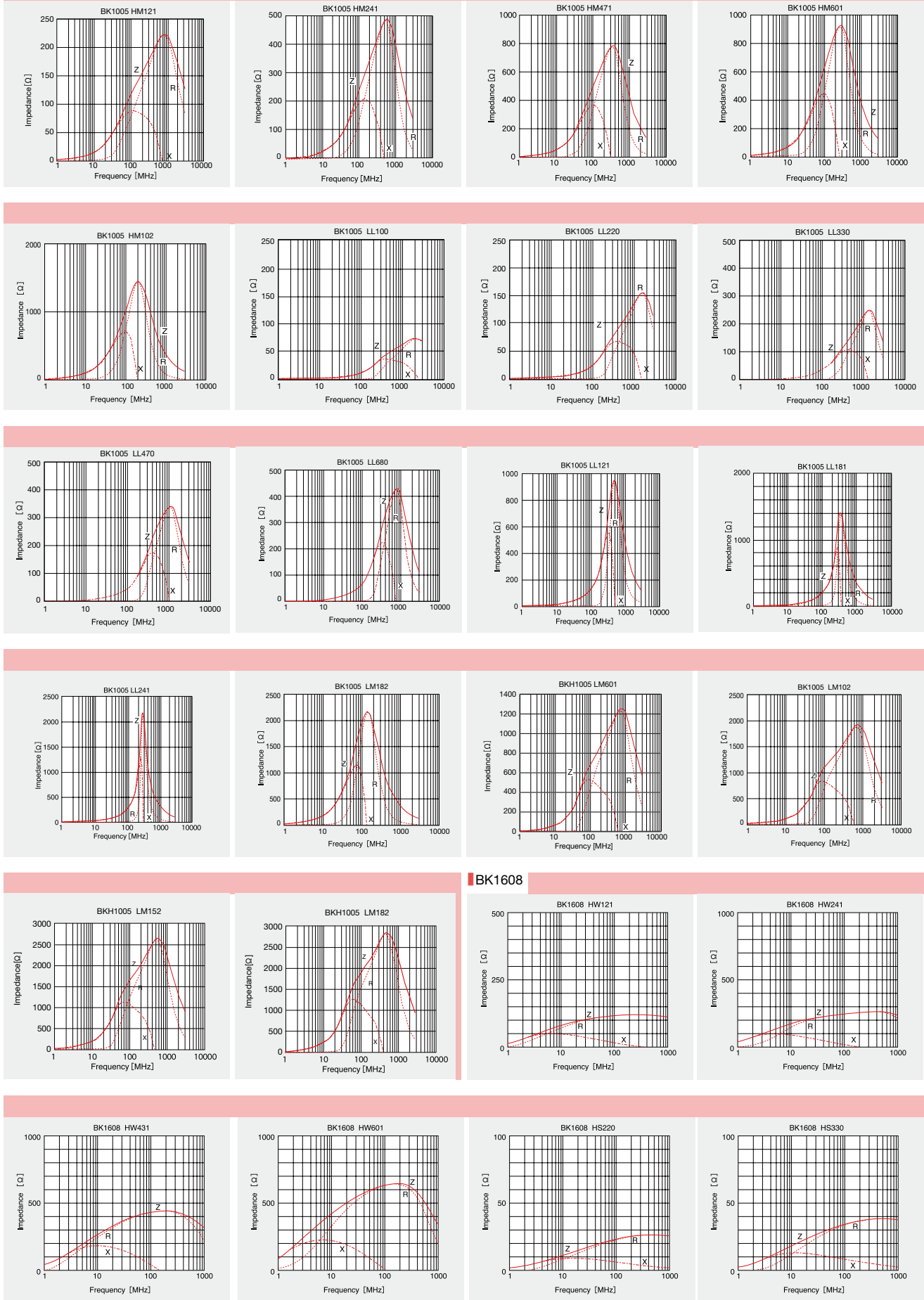
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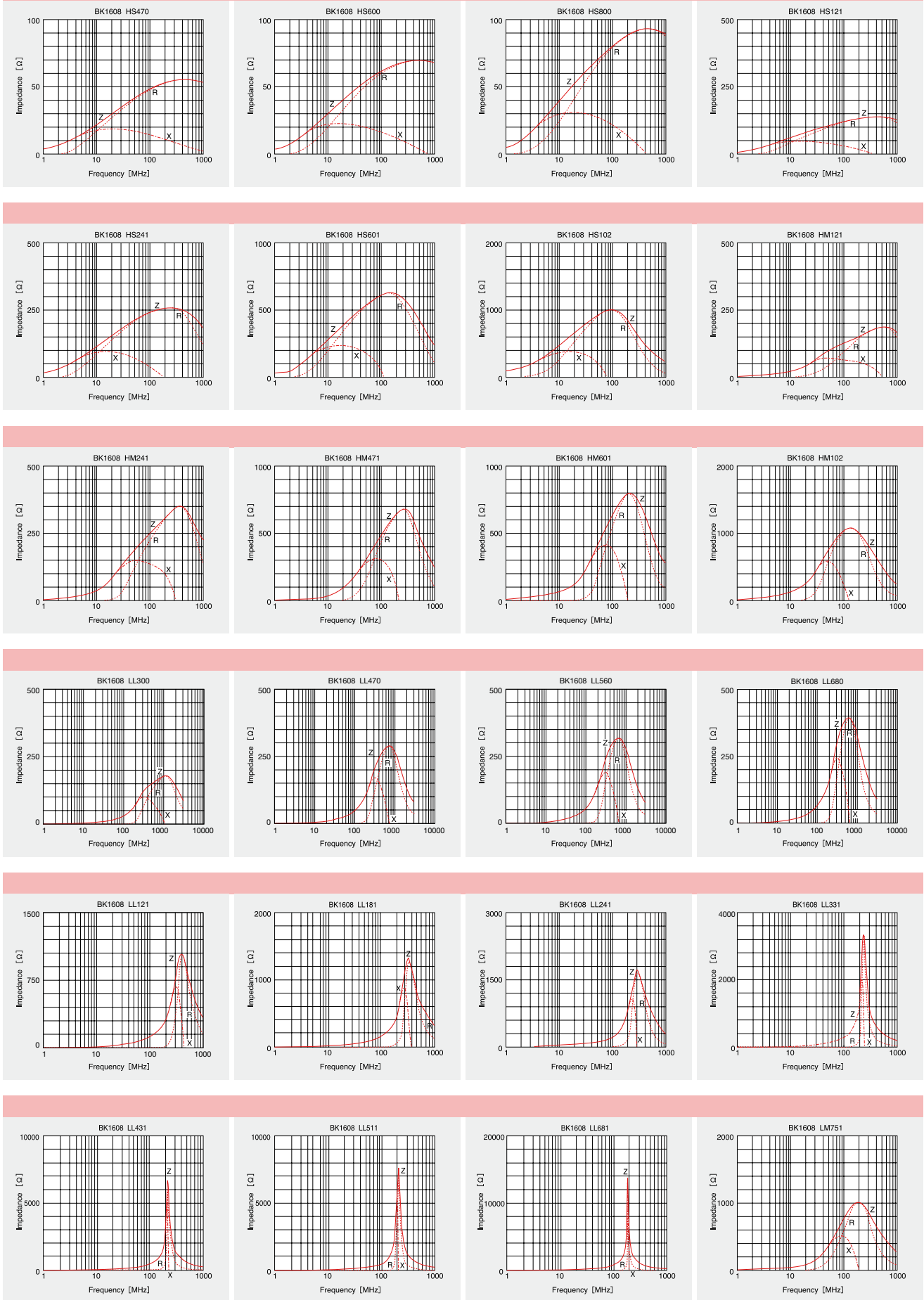
BK1005



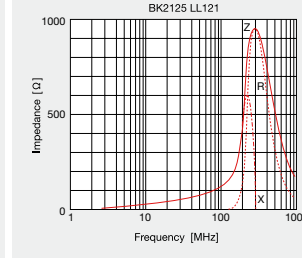
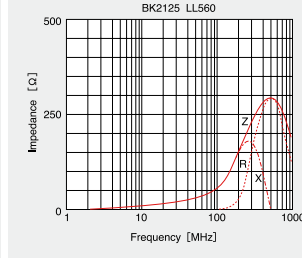
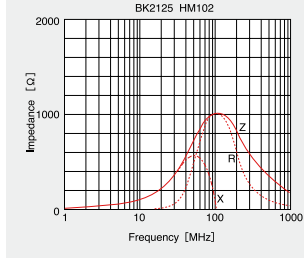
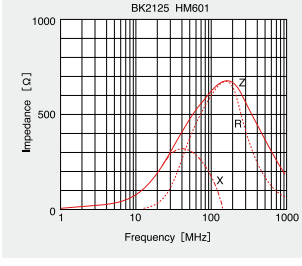
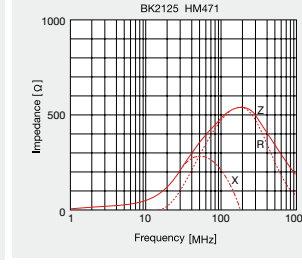
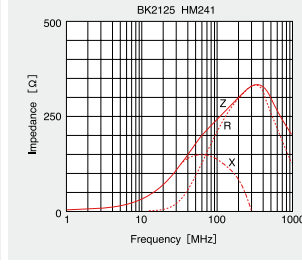
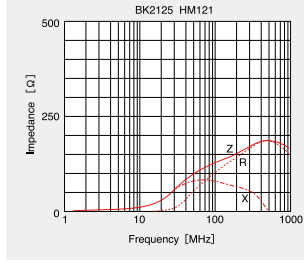
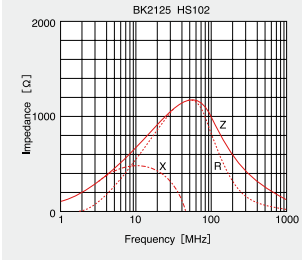
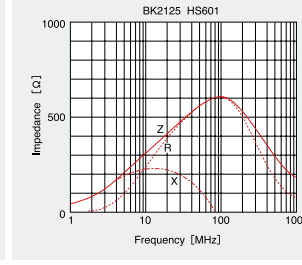
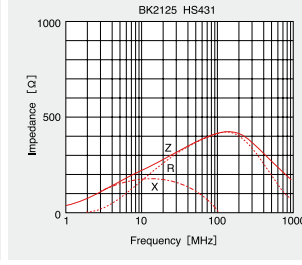
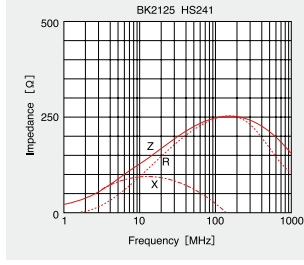
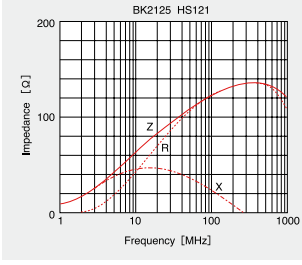
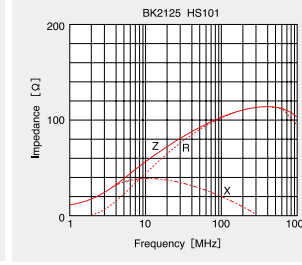
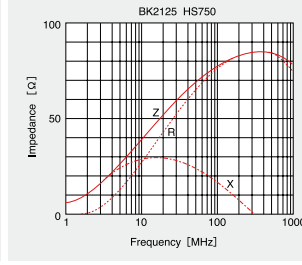
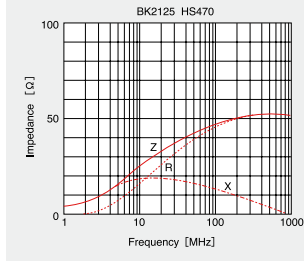
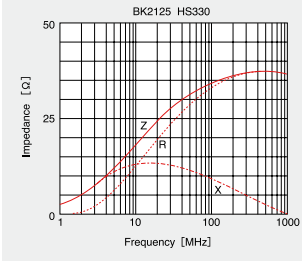
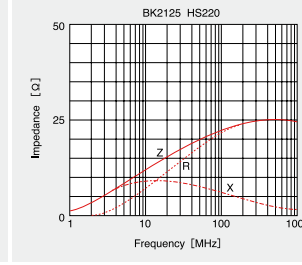
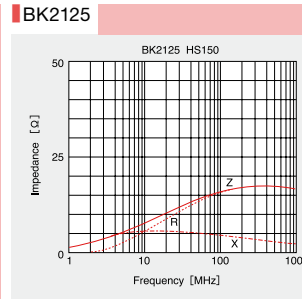
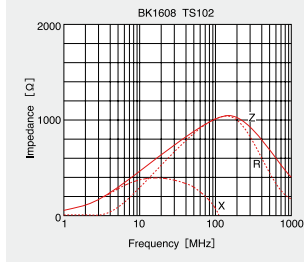
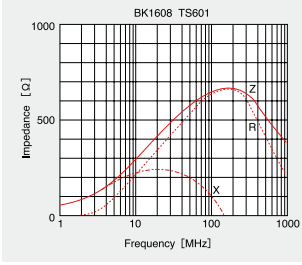
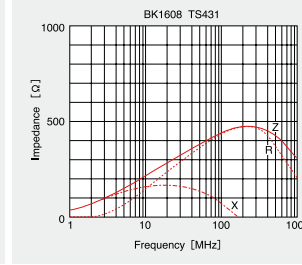
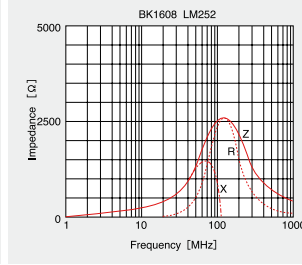
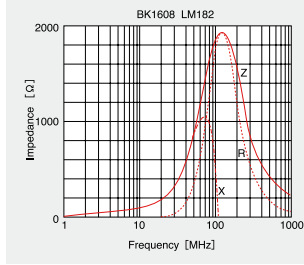
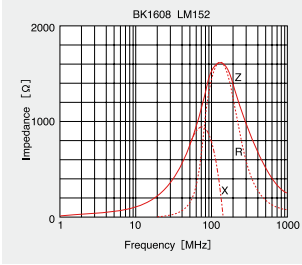
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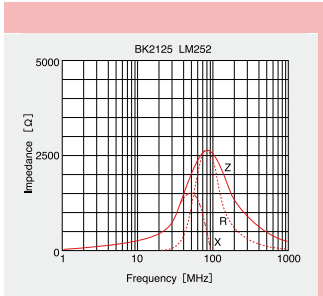
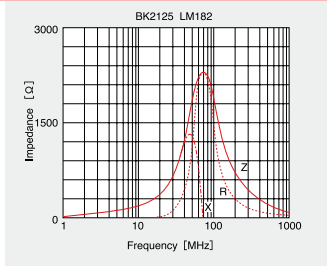
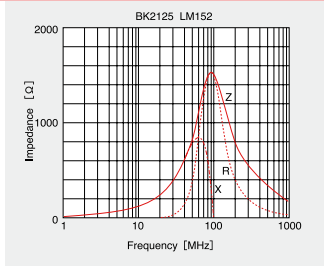
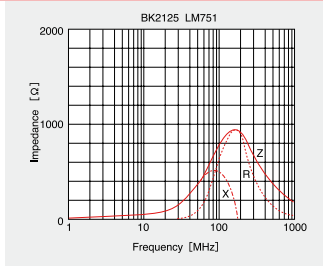
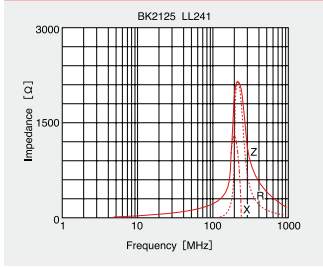
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Multilayer chip inductors

Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type)

PACKAGING

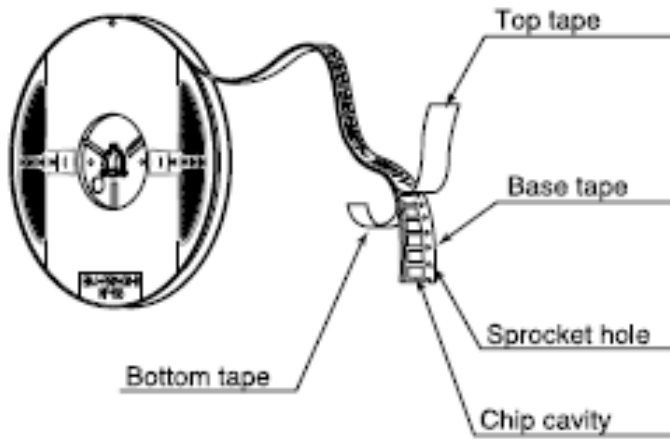
① Minimum Quantity

● Tape & Reel Packaging

Type	Thickness mm (inch)	Standard Quantity [pcs]	
		Paper Tape	Embossed Tape
CK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
CK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
	1.25(0.049)	—	2000
CKS2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
	1.25(0.049)	—	2000
CKP1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
CKP2012(0805)	0.9 (0.035)	—	3000
CKP2016(0806)	0.9 (0.035)	—	3000
CKP2520(1008)	0.7 (0.028)	—	3000
	0.9 (0.035)	—	3000
	1.1 (0.043)	—	2000
NM2012(0805)	0.9 (0.035)	—	3000
NM2520(1008)	1.1 (0.043)	—	2000
LK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
LK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
LK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
	1.25(0.049)	—	2000
HK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	—
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
HK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
HK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
HK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	—	4000
	1.0 (0.039)	—	3000
HKQ0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	40000
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
HKQ0603S(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
BK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	—
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
BK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
BKH1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
BK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
	1.25(0.049)	—	2000
BK2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	4000	—
BK3216(1206)	0.8 (0.031)	—	4000
BKP0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
BKP1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
BKP1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
BKP2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
MCF0806(0302)	0.4 (0.016)	—	10000
MCF1210(0504)	0.55(0.022)	—	5000
MCF2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	—	4000

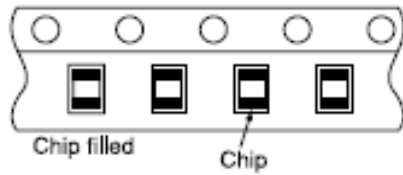
② Taping material

● Card board carrier tape

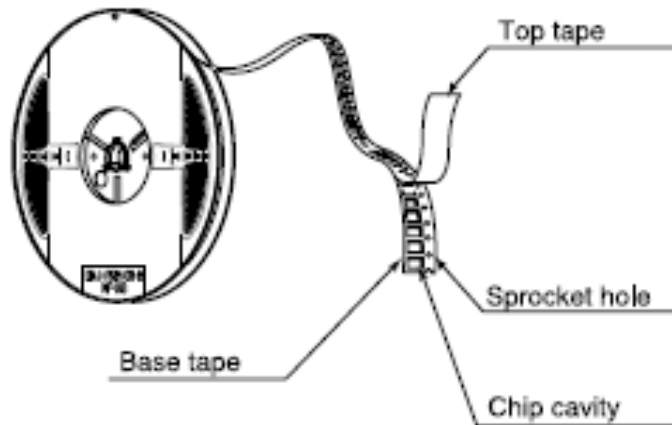


CK	1608
CKP	1608
CK	2125
CKS	2125
LK	1005
LK	1608
LK	2125
HK	0402
HK	0603
HK	1005
HK	1608
HKQ	0402
HKQ	0603
AQ	105

BK	0402
BK	0603
BK	1005
BK	1608
BK	2125
BK	2010
BKP	0603
BKP	1005
BKP	1608
BKP	2125
BKH	1005

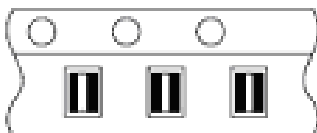
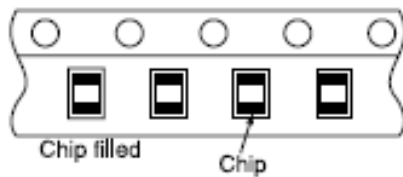


● Embossed Tape



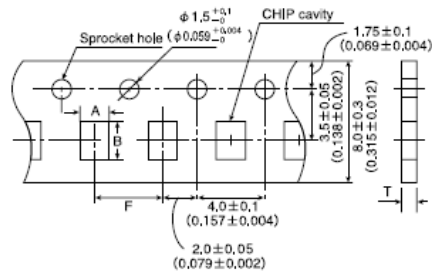
CK	2125
CKS	2125
CKP	2012
CKP	2016
CKP	2520
NM	2012
NM	2520
LK	2125
HKQ	0402
HK	2125

BK	2125
BK	3216
MCF	0806
MCF	1210
MCF	2010



③ Taping Dimensions

● Paper tape (0.315 inches wide)



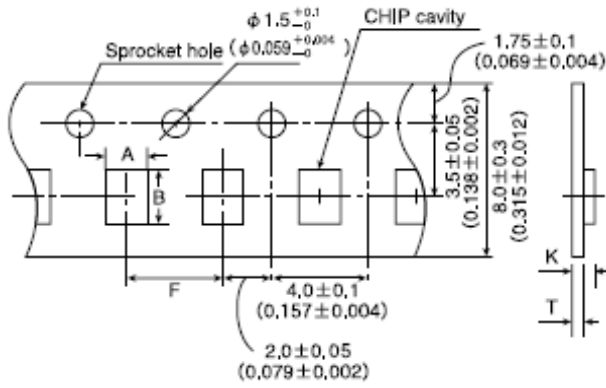
Unit : mm (inch)

Type	Thickness mm (inch)	Chip cavity		Insertion Pitch F	Tape Thickness T
		A	B		
CK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0 ± 0.2 (0.039 ± 0.008)	1.8 ± 0.2 (0.071 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
CK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5 ± 0.2 (0.059 ± 0.008)	2.3 ± 0.2 (0.091 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
CKS2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5 ± 0.2 (0.059 ± 0.008)	2.3 ± 0.2 (0.091 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
CKP1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0 ± 0.2 (0.039 ± 0.008)	1.8 ± 0.2 (0.071 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
LK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65 ± 0.1 (0.026 ± 0.004)	1.15 ± 0.1 (0.045 ± 0.004)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
LK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0 ± 0.2 (0.039 ± 0.008)	1.8 ± 0.2 (0.071 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
LK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5 ± 0.2 (0.059 ± 0.008)	2.3 ± 0.2 (0.091 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
HK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25 ± 0.04 (0.010 ± 0.002)	0.45 ± 0.04 (0.018 ± 0.002)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.36max (0.014max)
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06 (0.016 ± 0.002)	0.70 ± 0.06 (0.028 ± 0.002)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
HK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65 ± 0.1 (0.026 ± 0.004)	1.15 ± 0.1 (0.045 ± 0.004)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
HK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0 ± 0.2 (0.039 ± 0.008)	1.8 ± 0.2 (0.071 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
HKQ0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25 ± 0.04 (0.010 ± 0.002)	0.45 ± 0.04 (0.018 ± 0.002)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.36max (0.01max)
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06 (0.016 ± 0.002)	0.70 ± 0.06 (0.028 ± 0.002)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
HKQ0603S(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06 (0.016 ± 0.002)	0.70 ± 0.06 (0.028 ± 0.002)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06 (0.016 ± 0.002)	0.70 ± 0.06 (0.028 ± 0.002)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.45max (0.018mx)
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.75 ± 0.1 (0.030 ± 0.004)	1.15 ± 0.1 (0.045 ± 0.004)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
BK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25 ± 0.04 (0.010 ± 0.002)	0.45 ± 0.04 (0.018 ± 0.002)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.36max (0.014max)
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06 (0.016 ± 0.002)	0.70 ± 0.06 (0.028 ± 0.002)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
BK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65 ± 0.1 (0.026 ± 0.004)	1.15 ± 0.1 (0.045 ± 0.004)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0 ± 0.2 (0.039 ± 0.008)	1.8 ± 0.2 (0.071 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
BK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5 ± 0.2 (0.059 ± 0.008)	2.3 ± 0.2 (0.091 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
BK2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	1.2 ± 0.1 (0.047 ± 0.004)	2.17 ± 0.1 (0.085 ± 0.004)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	0.8max (0.031max)
BKP0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06 (0.016 ± 0.002)	0.70 ± 0.06 (0.028 ± 0.002)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
BKP1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65 ± 0.1 (0.026 ± 0.004)	1.15 ± 0.1 (0.045 ± 0.004)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
BKP1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0 ± 0.2 (0.039 ± 0.008)	1.8 ± 0.2 (0.071 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
BKP2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5 ± 0.2 (0.059 ± 0.008)	2.3 ± 0.2 (0.091 ± 0.008)	4.0 ± 0.1 (0.157 ± 0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
BKH1005(0805)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65 ± 0.1 (0.026 ± 0.004)	1.15 ± 0.1 (0.045 ± 0.004)	2.0 ± 0.05 (0.079 ± 0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)

Unit : mm (inch)

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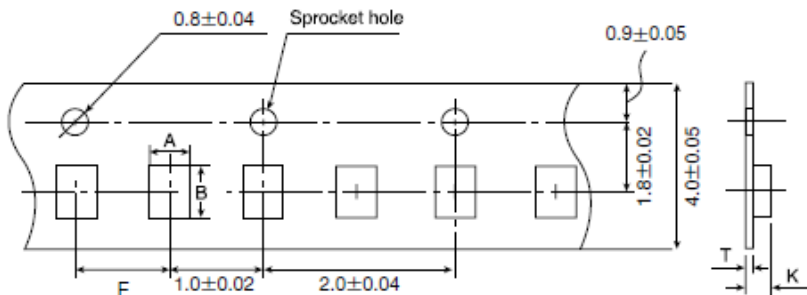
● Embossed Tape (0.315 inches wide)



Type	Thickness mm (inch)	Chip cavity		Insertion Pitch F	Tape Thickness	
		A	B		K	T
CK2125(0805)	1.25 (0.049)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)
CKS2125(0805)	1.25 (0.049)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)
CKP2012(0805)	0.9 (0.035)	1.55±0.2 (0.061±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.3 (0.051)	0.3 (0.012)
CKP2016(0806)	0.9 (0.035)	1.8±0.1 (0.071±0.004)	2.2±0.1 (0.087±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.3 (0.051)	0.25 (0.01)
CKP2520(1008)	0.7 (0.028)	2.3±0.1 (0.091±0.004)	2.8±0.1 (0.110±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.4 (0.055)	0.3 (0.012)
	0.9 (0.035)				1.4 (0.055)	
	1.1 (0.043)				1.7 (0.067)	
NM2012(0805)	0.9 (0.035)	1.55±0.2 (0.061±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.3 (0.051)	0.3 (0.012)
NM2520(1008)	1.1 (0.043)	2.3±0.1 (0.091±0.004)	2.8±0.1 (0.110±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.7 (0.067)	0.3 (0.012)
LK2125(0805)	1.25 (0.049)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)
HK2125(0805)	0.85 (0.033)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.5 (0.059)	0.3 (0.012)
	1.0 (0.039)				2.0 (0.079)	
BK2125(0805)	1.25 (0.049)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)
BK3216(1206)	0.8 (0.031)	1.9±0.1 (0.075±0.004)	3.5±0.1 (0.138±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.4 (0.055)	0.3 (0.012)
MCF0806(0302)	0.4 (0.016)	0.75±0.05 (0.030±0.002)	0.95±0.05 (0.037±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.55 (0.022)	0.3 (0.012)
MCF1210(0504)	0.55 (0.022)	1.15±0.05 (0.045±0.002)	1.40±0.05 (0.055±0.002)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	0.65 (0.026)	0.3 (0.012)
MCF2010(0804)	0.45 (0.018)	1.1±0.1 (0.043±0.004)	2.3±0.1 (0.091±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	0.85 (0.033)	0.3 (0.012)

Unit : mm (inch)

● Embossed Tape (0.157 inches wide)

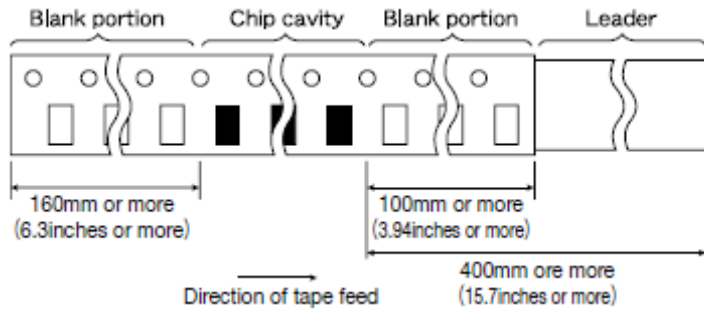


Type	Thickness mm (inch)	Chip cavity		Insertion Pitch F	Tape Thickness	
		A	B		K	T
HKQ0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.23	0.43	1.0±0.02	0.5max.	0.25max.

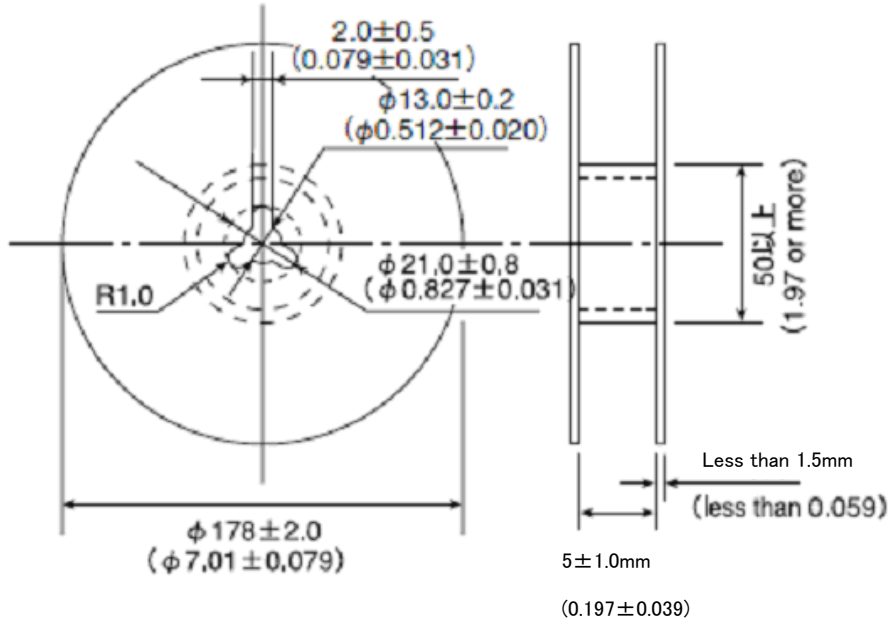
Unit : mm (inch)

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④ LEADER AND BLANK PORTION

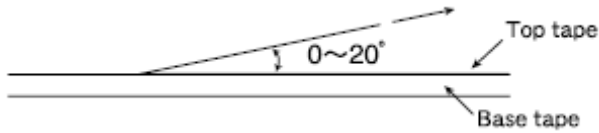


⑤ Reel Size



⑥ Top tape strength

The top tape requires a peel-off force of 0.1~0.7N in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.



Multilayer chip inductors

Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type)

■ RELIABILITY DATA

1. Operating Temperature Range		
Specified Value	BK0402	-55 ~ +125°C
	BK0603	
	BK1005	
	BKH1005	
	BK1608	
	BK2125	
	ARRAY	
		BK3216
	BKP0603	-55 ~ +85°C
	BKP1005	
	BKP1608	
	BKP2125	
	MCF 0806	-40 ~ +85°C
	MCF 1210	
	MCF 2010	
	CK1608	-40 ~ +85°C
	CK2125	
	CKS2125	
	CKP1608	
	CKP2012	
	CKP2016	
	CKP2520	
	NM2012	
	NM2520	
	LK1005	
	LK1608	
	LK2125	
	HK0402/HKQ0402	-55 ~ +125°C
	HK0603	
HK1005		
HK1608	-40 ~ +85°C	
HK2125		
HKQ0603W/HKQ0603S/HKQ0603U	-55 ~ +125°C	
AQ105		

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2. Storage Temperature Range

Specified Value	BK0402	-55 ~ +125°C
	BK0603	
	BK1005	
	BKH1005	
	BK1608	
	BK2125	
	ARRAY	
	BKP0603	-55 ~ +85°C
	BKP1005	
	BKP1608	
	BKP2125	
	MCF 0806	-40 ~ +85°C
	MCF 1210	
	MCF 2010	
	CK1608	-40 ~ +85°C
	CK2125	
	CKS2125	
	CKP1608	
	CKP2012	
	CKP2016	
CKP2520		
NM2012		
NM2520		
LK1005		
LK1608	-55 ~ +125°C	
LK2125		
HK0402/HKQ0402	-40 ~ +85°C	
HK0603		
HK1005		
HK1608	-55 ~ +125°C	
HK2125		
HKQ0603W/HKQ0603S/HKQ0603U		
AQ105		

3. Rated Current

Specified Value	BK0402	240~540mA DC	
	BK0603	100~500mA DC	
	BK1005	120~1000mA DC	
	BKH1005	200mA DC	
	BK1608	150~1500mA DC	
	BK2125	200~1200mA DC	
	ARRAY	BK2010	100mA DC
		BK3216	100~200mA DC
	BKP0603	1.0A DC	
	BKP1005	800~2000mA DC	
	BKP1608	1.0~3.0A DC	
	BKP2125	1.5~4.0A DC	
	MCF 0806	0.1~0.13A DC	
	MCF 1210	0.1A DC	
	MCF 2010	0.1A DC	
	CK1608	50~60mA DC	
	CK2125	60~500mA DC	
	CKS2125	110~280mA DC	
	CKP1608	0.35~0.9A DC	
	CKP2012	0.7~1.2A DC	
	CKP2016	0.9~1.6A DC	
	CKP2520	1.1~1.8A DC	
	NM2012	0.8~1.5A DC	
	NM2520	0.9~1.1A DC	
	LK1005	20~25mA DC	
	LK1608	1~150mA DC	
	LK2125	5~300mA DC	
	HK0402	160~380mA DC	
	HK0603	60~470mA DC	
	HK1005	110~300mA DC	
	HK1608	150~300mA DC	
	HK2125	300mA DC	
	HKQ0402	90~500mA DC	
	HKQ0603W	160~850mA DC	
	HKQ0603S	130~600mA DC	
	HKQ0603U	130~600mA DC	
	AQ105	280~710mA DC	

Definition of rated current :

- In the CK, CKS and BK Series, the rated current is the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.
- In the BK Series P type and CK Series P type, NM Series the rated current is the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 40°C.
- In the LK, HK, HKQ, and AQ Series, the rated current is either the DC value at which the internal L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.

4. Impedance			
Specified Value	BK0402	10~120 Ω ±25%	
	BK0603	10~600 Ω ±25%	
	BK1005	10~1800 Ω ±25%	
	BKH1005	1500~1800 Ω ±25%	
	BK1608	22~2500 Ω ±25%	
	BK2125	15~2500 Ω ±25%	
	ARRAY	BK2010	5~1000 Ω ±25%
		BK3216	68~1000 Ω ±25%
	BKP0603	22~33 Ω ±25%	
	BKP1005	10~220 Ω ±25%	
	BKP1608	33~470 Ω ±25%	
	BKP2125	33~330 Ω ±25%	
	MCF 0806	12~90 Ω ±5 Ω (12 Ω), ±20%(Other)	
	MCF 1210	90 Ω ±25%	
	MCF 2010	90 Ω ±25%	
	CK1608		
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		
	LK1608		
	LK2125		
	HK0402/HKQ0402		
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		
	HK2125		
HKQ0603W/HKQ0603S/HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
Test Methods and Remarks	BK0402Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : E4991A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16196D(or its equivalent)		
	BK0603Series, BKP0603Series Measuring frequency : 10±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent)		
	BK1005Series, BKP1005Series ,BKH1005Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)		
	BK1608・2125Series, BKP1608・2125Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW		
	BK2010・3216Series,MCFSeries Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent)		

5. Inductance

Specified Value	BK0402		
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY	BK2010	
		BK3216	
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608	4.7~10.0 μH: ±20%	
	CK2125	0.1~10.0 μH: ±20%	
	CKS2125	1.0~10.0 μH: ±20%	
	CKP1608	0.33~2.2 μH: ±20%	
	CKP2012	0.47~4.7 μH: ±20%	
	CKP2016	0.47~4.7 μH: ±20%	
	CKP2520	0.47~4.7 μH: ±20%	
	NM2012	0.82~1.0 μH: ±20%	
	NM2520	1.0~2.2 μH: ±20%	
	LK1005	Inductance 0.12~2.2 μH: ±10%, Q 0.12~2.2 μH: ±30%	
	LK1608	Inductance 0.047~33.0 μH: ±20% 0.10~12.0 μH: ±10% Q 0.12~2.2 μH: ±30%	
	LK2125	Inductance 0.047~33.0 μH: ±20% 0.10~12.0 μH: ±10% Q 0.12~2.2 μH: ±30%	
	HK0402	1.0~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~12nH: ±5%	
	HK0603	1.0~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~100nH: ±5%	
	HK1005	1.0~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~270nH: ±5%	
	HK1608	1.0~5.6nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~470nH: ±5%	
	HK2125	1.5~5.6nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~470nH: ±5%	
HKQ0402	0.5~5.6nH: ±0.3nH 6.2~27nH: ±5%		
HKQ0603W	0.6~3.9nH: ±0.3nH 4.3~22nH: ±5%		
HKQ0603S	0.6~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~22nH: ±5%		
HKQ0603U	0.6~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~22nH: ±5%		
AQ105	1.0~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~15nH: ±5%		
Test Methods and Remarks	CKSeries		
	Measuring frequency	: 2~4MHz (CK1608)	
	Measuring frequency	: 2~25MHz (CK2125)	
	Measuring frequency	: 2~1MHz (CKS2125)	
	LKSeries		
	Measuring frequency	: 10~25MHz (LK1005)	
	Measuring frequency	: 1~50MHz (LK1608)	
	Measuring frequency	: 0.4~50MHz (LK2125)	
	CKP、NMSeries		
	Measuring frequency	: 1MHz (CKP2012・CKP2016・CKP2520・NM2012・NM2520)	
	Measuring equipment /jig	・4194A+16085B+16092A (or its equivalent) ・4195A+41951+16092A (or its equivalent) ・4294A+16192A (or its equivalent) ・4291+1693A (or its equivalent) /LK1005 ・4285A+42841A+42842C+42851—61100 (CKP2012・CKP2016・CKP2520・NM2012・NM2520)	
	Measuring current	・1mA rms (0.047~4.7 μH) ・0.1mA rms (5.6~33 μH)	
	HK、HKQ、AQ Series		
	Measuring frequency	: 100MHz (HK0402・HKQ0402・HK0603・HK1005・AQ105)	
	Measuring frequency	: 50/100MHz (HK1608・HK2125)	
	Measuring frequency	: 500MHz (HKQ0402・HKQ0603S・HKQ0603U)	
	Measuring frequency	: 300/500MHz (HKQ0603W)	
Measuring equipment /jig	・4291A+16197A (or its equivalent) /HK060・AQ105 ・4291A+16193A (or its equivalent) /HK1005 ・E4991A+16197A (or its equivalent) /HKQ0603S・HKQ0603・HKQ0603W ・4291A+16092A + in-house made jig (or its equivalent) /HK1608・HK2125 ・E4991A+16196D (or its equivalent) /HK0402・HKQ0402		

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6. Q

Specified Value	BK0402	—	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010 BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		20 min.
	CK2125		15~20 min.
	CKS2125		—
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		10~20 min.
	LK1608		10~35 min.
	LK2125		15~50 min.
	HK0402		3 min.
	HK0603		4~5 min.
	HK1005		8 min.
	HK1608		8~12 min.
	HK2125		10~18 min.
	HKQ0402		3~8 min.
HKQ0603W	14~15 min.		
HKQ0603S	10~13 min.		
HKQ0603U	10~13 min.		
AQ105	8 min.		
Test Methods and Remarks	CKSeries		
	Measuring frequency	: 2~4MHz (CK1608)	
	Measuring frequency	: 2~25MHz (CK2125)	
	LKSeries		
	Measuring frequency	: 10~25MHz (LK1005)	
	Measuring frequency	: 1~50MHz (LK1608)	
	Measuring frequency	: 0.4~50MHz (LK2125)	
	Measuring equipment /jig	: •4194A + 16085B + 16092A (or its equivalent) •4195A + 41951 + 16092A (or its equivalent) •4294A + 16192A (or its equivalent) •4291A + 16193A (or its equivalent) /LK1005	
	Measuring current	: •1mA rms (0.047~4.7 μ H) •0.1mA rms (5.6~33 μ H)	
	HK, HKQ, AQ Series		
	Measuring frequency	: 100MHz (HK0402•HKQ0402•HK0603•HK1005•AQ105)	
	Measuring frequency	: 50/100MHz (HK1608•HK2125)	
	Measuring frequency	: 500MHz (HKQ0402•HKQ0603S•HKQ0603U)	
	Measuring frequency	: 300/500MHz (HKQ0603W)	
	Measuring equipment /jig	: •4291A + 16197A (or its equivalent) /HK0603•AQ105 •4291A + 16193A (or its equivalent) /HK1005 •E499A + 16197A (or its equivalent) /HKQ0603S•HKQ0603U•HKQ0603W •4291A + 16092A + in-house made jig (or its equivalent) /HK1608, HK2125 •E4991A + 16196D (or its equivalent) /HK0402•HKQ0402	

7. DC Resistance

Specified Value	BK0402	0.10~0.53 Ω max.	
	BK0603	0.065~1.50 Ω max.	
	BK1005	0.03~0.80 Ω max.	
	BKH1005	1.50~2.00 Ω max.	
	BK1608	0.05~1.10 Ω max.	
	BK2125	0.05~0.75 Ω max.	
	ARRAY	BK2010	0.10~0.90 Ω max.
		BK3216	0.15~0.80 Ω max.
	BKP0603	0.065~0.070 Ω max.	
	BKP1005	0.030~0.20 Ω max.	
	BKP1608	0.025~0.18 Ω max.	
	BKP2125	0.020~0.075 Ω max.	
	MCF 0806	2.5~6.5 Ω max.	
	MCF 1210	4.5 Ω max.	
	MCF 2010	4.5 Ω max.	
	CK1608	0.45~0.85 Ω (±30%)	
	CK2125	0.16~0.65 Ω max.	
	CKS2125	0.09~0.40 Ω typ.	
		0.12~0.52 Ω max.	
	CKP1608	0.15~0.35 Ω max.	
	CKP2012	0.10~0.28 Ω max.	
	CKP2016	0.08~0.20 Ω max.	
	CKP2520	0.05~0.16 Ω max.	
	NM2012	0.10~0.19 Ω max.	
	NM2520	0.13~0.22 Ω max.	
	LK1005	0.41~1.16 Ω max.	
	LK1608	0.2~2.2 Ω max.	
	LK2125	0.1~1.1 Ω max.	
	HK0402	0.18~0.99 Ω max.	
	HK0603	0.11~3.74 Ω max.	
	HK1005	0.08~4.8 Ω max.	
	HK1608	0.05~2.6 Ω max.	
	HK2125	0.10~1.5 Ω max.	
	HKQ0402	0.08~2.24 Ω max.	
HKQ0603W	0.07~1.6 Ω max.		
HKQ0603S	0.06~1.29 Ω max.		
HKQ0603U	0.06~1.29 Ω max.		
AQ105	0.07~0.45 Ω max.		
Test Methods and Remarks	Measuring equipment: VOAC-7412(made by Iwasaki Tsushinki) VOAC-7512(made by Iwasaki Tsushinki)		

8. Self Resonance Frequency (SRF)

Specified Value	BK0402	—	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		17~25MHz min.
	CK2125		24~235MHz min.
	CKS2125		—
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		40~180MHz min.
	LK1608		9~260MHz min.
	LK2125		13~320MHz min.
HK0402	29000~10000MHz min.		
HK0603	900~10000MHz min.		
HK1005	400~10000MHz min.		
HK1608	300~10000MHz min.		
HK2125	200~4000MHz min.		
HKQ0402	1700~10000MHz min.		
HKQ0603W	2500~10000MHz min.		
HKQ0603S	1900~10000MHz min.		
HKQ0603U	1900~10000MHz min.		
AQ105	2300~10000MHz min.		
Test Methods and Remarks	LKSeries : Measuring equipment : 4195A (or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 41951 + 16092A (or its equivalent) HK, HKQ, AQSeries : Measuring equipment : 8719C (or its equivalent) + 8753D (or its equivalent) / HK2125		

9. Temperature Characteristic

Specified Value	BK0402	-	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		
	LK1608		
	LK2125		
	HK0402		Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		
	HK2125		
	HKQ0402		
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
Test Methods and Remarks	HK, HKQ, AQSeries: Temperature range : $-30\sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Reference temperature : $+20^{\circ}\text{C}$		

10. Resistance to Flexure of Substrate

Specified Value	BK0402	No mechanical damage.	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		
	LK1608		
	LK2125		
	HK0402		
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		
	HK2125		
	HKQ0402		
	HKQ0603W		
	HKQ0603S		
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
Test Methods and Remarks	<p>Warp : 2mm (BK Series without 0402size, BKP, BKH, CK, CKS, CKP, NM, LK, HK, HKQ0603S, HKQ0603U, AQ Series, MCF1210)</p> <p>: 1mm (BK0402, HK0402, HKQ0402, HKQ0603W Series, MCF Series without 1210 size,)</p> <p>Testing board : glass epoxy-resin substrate</p> <p>Thickness : 0.8mm</p>	<p>[Unit: mm]</p>	

► This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (<http://www.ty-top.com/>).

11. Solderability

Specified Value	BK0402	At least 75% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		At least 75% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		
	LK1608		
LK2125			
HK0402			
HK0603			
HK1005			
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
Test Methods and Remarks	Solder temperature : 230±5°C Duration : 4±1 sec.		

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For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (<http://www.ty-top.com/>).

12. Resistance to Soldering

Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance : No significant abnormality Impedance change : Within $\pm 30\%$	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		Appearance : No significant abnormality Impedance change : Within $\pm 20\%$
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		No mechanical damage. Remaining terminal electrode : 70% min
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		Inductance change R10~4R7 : Within $\pm 10\%$ 6R8~100 : Within $\pm 15\%$ CKS2125 : Within $\pm 20\%$ CKP2012, CKP2016, CKP2520, NM2012, NM2520 : Within $\pm 30\%$
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
NM2012			
NM2520			
LK1005	No mechanical damage. Remaining terminal electrode : 70% min. Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$		
LK1608	No mechanical damage.		
LK2125	Remaining terminal electrode : 70% min. Inductance change 47N~4R7 : Within $\pm 10\%$ 5R6~330 : Within $\pm 15\%$		
HK0402	No mechanical damage. Remaining terminal electrode : 70% min. Inductance change : Within $\pm 5\%$		
HK0603			
HK1005			
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
Test Methods and Remarks	Solder temperature : $260 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ Duration : 10 ± 0.5 sec. Preheating temperature : 150 to 180°C Preheating time : 3 min. Flux : Immersion into methanol solution with colophony for 3 to 5 sec. Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)		

13. Thermal Shock

Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 20\%$
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$ Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ (CKS2125)
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	LK1608		
	LK2125		
	HK0402	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		
	HK2125		
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
Test Methods and Remarks	Conditions for 1 cycle		
	Step	temperature (°C)	time (min.)
	1	Minimum operating temperature $+0/-3$	30 ± 3
	2	Room temperature	2~3
	3	Maximum operating temperature $+3/-0$	30 ± 3
	4	Room temperature	2~3
Number of cycles: 5			
Recovery: 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)			

(Note 1) When there are questions concerning measurement result; measurement shall be made after 48 ± 2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

14. Damp Heat (Steady state)			
Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance : No significant abnormality Impedance change : Within $\pm 30\%$	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		Appearance : No significant abnormality Impedance change : Within $\pm 20\%$
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		No mechanical damage.
	CK2125	Inductance change : Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change : Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKS2125	Inductance change : Within $\pm 20\%$	
	CKP1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change : Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005	No mechanical damage.	
	LK1608	Inductance change : Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change : Within $\pm 30\%$	
	LK2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change : Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change : Within $\pm 30\%$	
	HK0402	No mechanical damage. Inductance change : Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change : Within $\pm 20\%$	
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		
	HK2125		
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
Test Methods and Remarks	BK, BKP, BKH Series, MCF Series : Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ Humidity : 90 to 95%RH Duration : $500 + 24 / - 0$ hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)		
	LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM, HK, HKQ, AQ Series : Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM Series) : $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (HK, HKQ, AQ Series) Humidity : 90 to 95%RH Duration : 500 ± 12 hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)		

15. Loading under Damp Heat

Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		No mechanical damage.
	CK2125		Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$
	CKS2125		No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$
	CKP1608		No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 30\%$
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	LK1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: 0.047~12.0 μ H: Within $\pm 10\%$ 15.0~33.0 μ H: Within $\pm 15\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	LK2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	HK0402	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		
	HK2125		
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
Test Methods and Remarks	<p>BK, BKP, BKH Series: Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ Humidity : 90 to 95%RH Applied current : Rated current Duration : 500 + 24 / - 0 hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)</p> <p>LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NK, HK, HKQ, AQ Series: Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM Series) : $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (HK, HKQ, AQ Series) Humidity : 90 to 95%RH Applied current : Rated current Duration : 500 \pm 12 hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)</p>		

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:

5 to 35°C of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of $20 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after 48 ± 2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

16. Loading at High Temperature

Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality. Impedance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0806		Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 20\%$
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608	No mechanical damage.	
	CK2125	Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKS2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
	CKP1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	LK1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: 0.047~12.0 μ H: Within $\pm 10\%$ 15.0~33.0 μ H: Within $\pm 15\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	LK2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	HK0402	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		
	HK2125		
	HKQ0402		
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
Test Methods and Remarks	<p>BK, BKH, BKP Series, MCF Series: Temperature : 125\pm3$^{\circ}$C (BK, BKH Series) : 85\pm3$^{\circ}$C (BKP, MCF Series) Applied current: Rated current Duration : 500 + 24 / - 0 hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)</p> <p>LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM, HK, HKQ, AQ Series: Temperature : 85\pm2$^{\circ}$C (LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM Series) : 85\pm2$^{\circ}$C (HK1608, 2125) : 85\pm2$^{\circ}$C (HK1005, AQ105 operating temperature range -55~+85$^{\circ}$C) : 125\pm2$^{\circ}$C (HK0402, HKQ0402, HK0603, HK1005, HKQ0603S, HKQ0603U, HKQ0603W, AQ105 operating temperature range -55~+125$^{\circ}$C) Applied current: Rated current Duration : 500\pm12 hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)</p>		

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:
 5 to 35 $^{\circ}$ C of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of 20 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure. Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after 48 \pm 2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

Precautions on the use of Multilayer chip inductors

Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type)

PRECAUTIONS

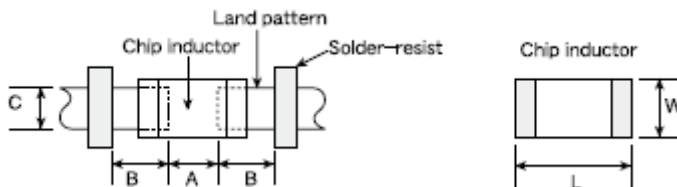
1. Circuit Design

- Precautions**
- ◆ Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance
 1. A malfunction in medical equipment, spacecraft, nuclear reactors, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications.
As such, any inductors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and/or reliability considerations and should be clearly differentiated from components used in general purpose applications.
 - ◆ Operating Current (Verification of Rated current)
 1. The operating current for inductors must always be lower than their rated values.
 2. Do not apply current in excess of the rated value because the inductance may be reduced due to the magnetic saturation effect.

2. PCB Design

- Precautions**
- ◆ Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
 1. When inductors are mounted on a PCB, the size of land patterns and the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect inductor performance.
Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of solder land patterns:
 - (1) The amount of solder applied can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses which may lead to breaking or cracking. Therefore, when designing land-patterns it is necessary to consider the appropriate size and configuration of the solder pads which in turn determines the amount of solder necessary to form the fillets.
 - (2) When more than one part is jointly soldered onto the same land or pad, the pad must be designed so that each component's soldering point is separated by solder-resist.
 - (3) The larger size of land patterns and amount of solder, the smaller Q value after mounting on PCB. It makes higher the Q value to design land patterns smaller than terminal electrode of chips.
 - ◆ Pattern configurations (Inductor layout on panelized [breakaway] PC boards)
 1. After inductors have been mounted on the boards, chips can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering the reflow soldered boards etc.) For this reason, planning pattern configurations and the position of SMD inductors should be carefully performed to minimize stress.

- Technical considerations**
- ◆ Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
 1. The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts (larger fillets which extend above the component end terminations). Examples of improper pattern designs are also shown.
 - (1) Recommended land dimensions for a typical chip inductor land patterns for PCBs



Recommended land dimensions for wave-soldering (Unit: mm)

Type	1608	2125	3216	
Size	L	1.6	2.0	3.2
	W	0.8	1.25	1.6
A	0.8~1.0	1.0~1.4	1.8~2.5	
B	0.5~0.8	0.8~1.5	0.8~1.7	
C	0.6~0.8	0.9~1.2	1.2~1.6	

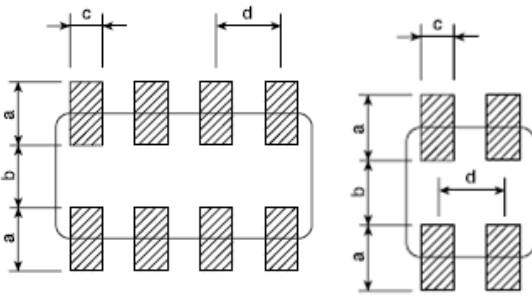
Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (Unit: mm)

Type	0402	0603	1005	105	1608	2012	
Size	L	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.0	1.6	2.0
	W	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.25
A	0.15~0.25	0.20~0.30	0.45~0.55	0.50~0.55	0.8~1.0	0.8~1.2	
B	0.10~0.20	0.20~0.30	0.40~0.50	0.30~0.40	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.2	
C	0.15~0.30	0.25~0.40	0.45~0.55	0.60~0.70	0.6~0.8	0.9~1.6	

Type	2125	2016	2520	3216	
Size	L	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.2
	W	1.25	1.6	2.0	1.6
A	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	1.0~1.4	1.8~2.5	
B	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	0.6~1.0	0.6~1.5	
C	0.9~1.6	1.2~2.0	1.8~2.2	1.2~2.0	

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Excess solder can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses. Therefore, please take proper precautions when designing land-patterns.



Recommended land dimension for Reflow-soldering

Type	3216	2010	1210	0806	
Size	L	3.2	2.0	1.25	0.85
	W	1.6	1.0	1.0	0.65
a	0.7~0.9	0.5~0.6	0.45~0.55	0.25~0.35	
b	0.8~1.0	0.5~0.6	0.7~0.8	0.25~0.35	
c	0.4~0.5	0.2~0.3	0.25~0.35	0.25~0.35	
d	0.8	0.5	0.55	0.5	

(Unit: mm)

(2) Examples of good and bad solder application

Item	Not recommended	Recommended
Mixed mounting of SMD and leaded components	Lead wire of component	Solder-resist
Component placement close to the chassis	Chassis Solder (for grounding)	Solder-resist
Hand-soldering of leaded components near mounted components	Lead wire of component Soldering iron	Solder-resist
Horizontal component placement	Solder-resist	Solder-resist

◆ Pattern configurations (Inductor layout on panelized [breakaway] PC boards)

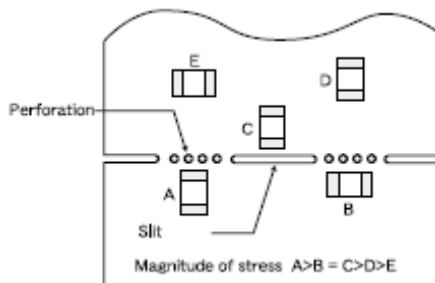
1-1. The following are examples of good and bad inductor layout; SMD inductors should be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Item	Not recommended	Recommended
Deflection of the board	Solder-resist	Solder-resist

Position the component at a right angle to the direction of the mechanical stresses that are anticipated.

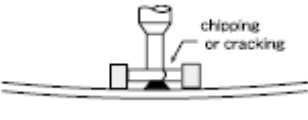
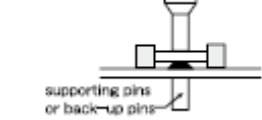
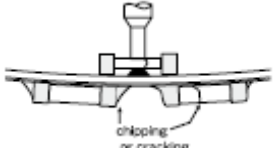
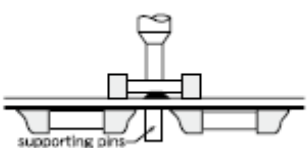
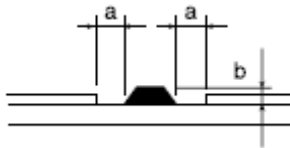
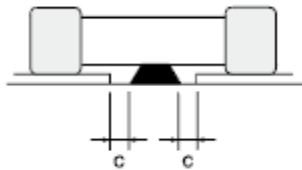
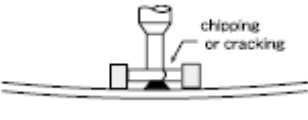
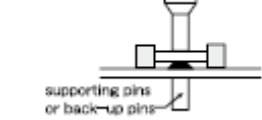
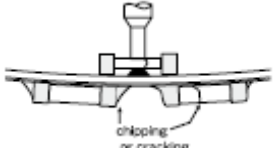
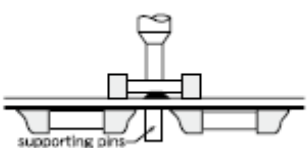
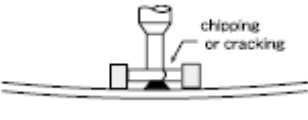
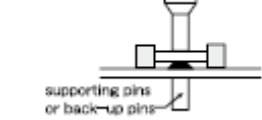
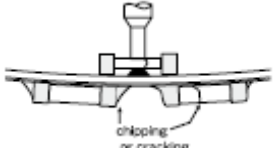
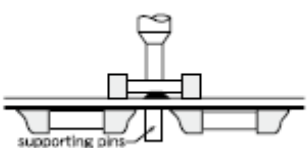
1-2. To layout the inductors for the breakaway PC board, it should be noted that the amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on inductor layout.

An example below should be counted for better design.



1-3. When breaking PC boards along their perforations, the amount of mechanical stress on the inductors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, any ideal SMD inductor layout must also consider the PCB splitting procedure.

3. Considerations for automatic placement

<p>Precautions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Adjustment of mounting machine <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Excessive impact load should not be imposed on the inductors when mounting onto the PC boards. 2. The maintenance and inspection of the mounter should be conducted periodically. ◆ Selection of Adhesives <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mounting inductors with adhesives in preliminary assembly, before the soldering stage, may lead to degraded inductor characteristics unless the following factors are appropriately checked; the size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, it is imperative to consult the manufacturer of the adhesives on proper usage and amounts of adhesive to use. 																	
<p>Technical considerations</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Adjustment of mounting machine <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the lower limit of the pick-up nozzle is low, too much force may be imposed on the inductors, causing damage. To avoid this, the following points should be considered before lowering the pick-up nozzle: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) The lower limit of the pick-up nozzle should be adjusted to the surface level of the PC board after correcting for deflection of the board. (2) The pick-up pressure should be adjusted between 1 and 3N static loads. (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins should be used under the PC board. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good pick-up nozzle placement: <table border="1" data-bbox="331 566 1361 909"> <thead> <tr> <th>Item</th> <th>Improper method</th> <th>Proper method</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Single-sided mounting</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Double-sided mounting</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. As the alignment pin wears out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of the inductors because of mechanical impact on the inductors. To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pin in the stopped position, and maintenance, inspection and replacement of the pin should be conducted periodically. ◆ Selection of Adhesives <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Some adhesives may cause reduced insulation resistance. The difference between the shrinkage percentage of the adhesive and that of the inductors may result in stresses on the inductors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect component placement, so the following precautions should be noted in the application of adhesives. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Required adhesive characteristics <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. The adhesive should be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process. b. The adhesive should have sufficient strength at high temperatures. c. The adhesive should have good coating and thickness consistency. d. The adhesive should be used during its prescribed shelf life. e. The adhesive should harden rapidly. f. The adhesive must not be contaminated. g. The adhesive should have excellent insulation characteristics. h. The adhesive should not be toxic and have no emission of toxic gasses. (2) When using adhesives to mount inductors on a PCB, inappropriate amounts of adhesive on the board may adversely affect component placement. Too little adhesive may cause the inductors to fall off the board during the solder process. Too much adhesive may cause defective soldering due excessive flow of adhesive on to the land or solder pad. <p>[Recommended conditions]</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="347 1462 807 1581"> <thead> <tr> <th>Figure</th> <th>0805 case sizes as examples</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>a</td> <td>0.3mm min</td> </tr> <tr> <td>b</td> <td>100~120 μm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>c</td> <td>Area with no adhesive</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div data-bbox="850 1435 1137 1619"> <p>Amount of adhesives</p>  </div> <div data-bbox="1185 1435 1489 1641"> <p>After inductors are bonded</p>  </div> </div>	Item	Improper method	Proper method	Single-sided mounting			Double-sided mounting			Figure	0805 case sizes as examples	a	0.3mm min	b	100~120 μm	c	Area with no adhesive
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4. Soldering

<p>Precautions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Selection of Flux <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of inductors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use; <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Flux used should be with less than or equal to 0.1 wt% (Chlorine conversion method) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content should not be applied. (2) When soldering inductors on the board, the amount of flux applied should be controlled at the optimum level. (3) When using water-soluble flux, special care should be taken to properly clean the boards. ◆ Soldering <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. are specified in accordance with the following recommended conditions, and please contact us about peak temperature when you use lead-free paste.
<p>Technical considerations</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Selection of Flux <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate the flux, or highly acidic flux is used, an excessive

▶ This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (<http://www.ty-top.com/>).

amount of residue after soldering may lead to corrosion of the terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surface of the Inductor.

- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in flow soldering, but if too much is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may detrimentally affect solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved by water content in the air, the residue on the surface of Inductor in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and therefore affect the reliability of the components. The cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used should also be considered carefully when selecting water-soluble flux.

◆Soldering

1-1. Preheating when soldering

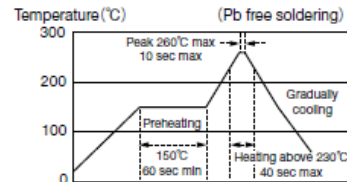
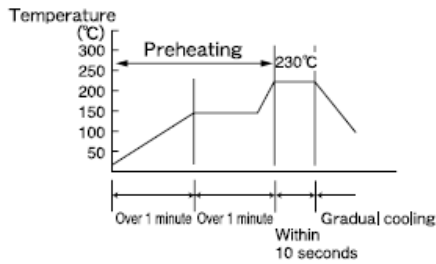
Heating: Chip inductor components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering. Cooling: The temperature difference between the components and cleaning process should not be greater than 100°C.

Chip inductors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling. Therefore, the soldering process must be conducted with a great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock.

Recommended conditions for soldering

[Reflow soldering]

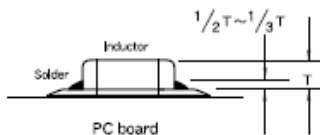
Temperature profile



※Ceramic chip components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.
 ※Assured to be reflow soldering for 2 times.

Caution

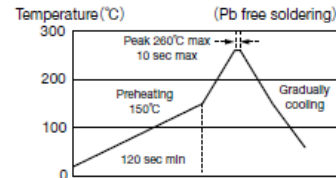
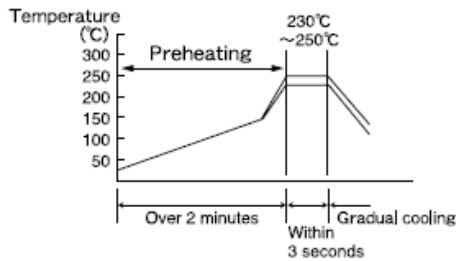
1. The ideal condition is to have solder mass (fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of the inductor, as shown below:



2. Because excessive dwell times can detrimentally affect solderability, soldering duration should be kept as close to recommended times as possible.

[Wave soldering]

Temperature profile



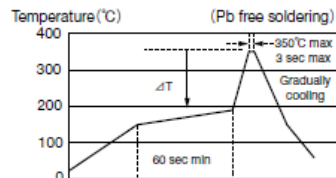
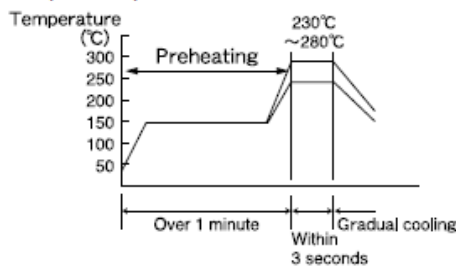
※Ceramic chip components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.
 ※Assured to be wave soldering for 1 time.
 ※Except for reflow soldering type.

Caution

1. Make sure the inductors are preheated sufficiently.
2. The temperature difference between the inductor and melted solder should not be greater than 100 to 130°C.
3. Cooling after soldering should be as gradual as possible.
4. Wave soldering must not be applied to the inductors designated as for reflow soldering only.

[Hand soldering]

Temperature profile



(※ΔT≤190°C (3216Type max), ΔT≤130°C (3225 Type ming))
 ※It is recommended to use 20W soldering iron and the tip is 1φ or less.
 ※The soldering iron should not directly touch the components.
 ※Assured to be soldering iron for 1 time.
 Note: The above profiles are the maximum allowable soldering condition, therefore these profiles are not always recommended.

Caution

1. Use a 20W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm.
2. The soldering iron should not directly touch the inductor.

5. Cleaning							
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆Cleaning conditions 1. When cleaning the PC board after the Inductors are all mounted, select the appropriate cleaning solution according to the type of flux used and purpose of the cleaning (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.) 2. Cleaning conditions should be determined after verifying, through a test run, that the cleaning process does not affect the inductor's characteristics. 						
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆Cleaning conditions 1. The use of inappropriate solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to the inductor, resulting in a degradation of the inductor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance). 2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may detrimentally affect the performance of the inductors. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Excessive cleaning <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of the PC board which may lead to the cracking of the inductor or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Thus the following conditions should be carefully checked; <table style="margin-left: 40px; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 20px;">Ultrasonic output</td> <td>Below 20W/l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ultrasonic frequency</td> <td>Below 40kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ultrasonic washing period</td> <td>5 min. or less</td> </tr> </table> 	Ultrasonic output	Below 20W/l	Ultrasonic frequency	Below 40kHz	Ultrasonic washing period	5 min. or less
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6. Post cleaning processes

Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆Application of resin coatings, moldings, etc. to the PCB and components. 1. With some type of resins a decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the inductor's performance. 2. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than the inductor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excess heat may lead to inductor damage or destruction. 3. Stress caused by a resin's temperature generated expansion and contraction may damage inductors. <p>The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.</p>
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7. Handling

Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆Breakaway PC boards (splitting along perforations) 1. When splitting the PC board after mounting inductors and other components, care is required so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board. 2. Board separation should not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices. ◆General handling precautions 1. Always wear static control bands to protect against ESD. 2. Keep the inductors away from all magnets and magnetic objects. 3. Use non-magnetic tweezers when handling inductors. 4. Any devices used with the inductors (soldering irons, measuring instruments) should be properly grounded. 5. Keep bare hands and metal products (i.e., metal desk) away from chip electrodes or conductive areas that lead to chip electrodes. 6. Keep inductors away from items that generate magnetic fields such as speakers or coils. ◆Mechanical considerations 1. Be careful not to subject the inductors to excessive mechanical shocks. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) If inductors are dropped on the floor or a hard surface they should not be used. (2) When handling the mounted boards, be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.
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8. Storage conditions

Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆Storage 1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packaging material in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recommended conditions Ambient temperature Below 40°C Humidity Below 70% RH <p>The ambient temperature must be kept below 30°C. Even under ideal storage conditions inductor electrode solderability decreases as time passes, so inductors should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.</p> <p>*The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.</p>
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆Storage 1. If the parts are stocked in a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place. For this reason, components should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the inductors.